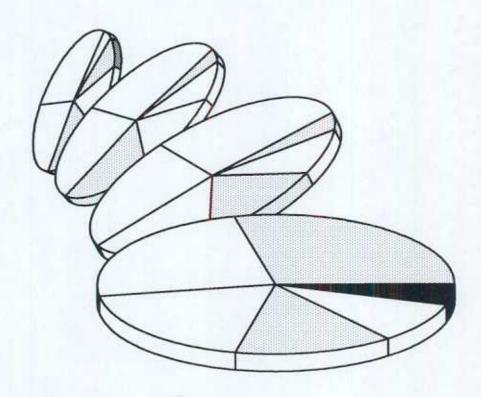
Pennsylvania Department of Corrections



1995 Annual Statistical Report

> Jom Ridge GOVERNOR

Martin J. Horn
COMMISSIONER



COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS P.O. BOX 598 CAMP HILL, PENNSYLVANIA 17001-0598 (717) 975-4860

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF CORRECTIONS

July 1996

Pennsylvania's state inmate population continues to grow. From calendar year 1994 to 1995, the year-end state prison population increased 14.5% from 28,302 to 32,410. Overall, since 1980, the year-end population has increased by 293% from 8,243 in 1980 to 32,410 in 1995. Furthermore, the growing inmate population has created a difficult housing situation. While the Department was housing state inmates at 92% of its housing capacity in calendar year 1980, the Department is housing state inmates at 154% of capacity, as of year-end 1995.

Although population increases in the Pennsylvania Department of Corrections have been commonplace since the early 1980's, the reason for the population increase in 1995 differs from prior years. Previously, population increases were the result of increases in court commitments. Increases in court commitments stemmed from the passage of mandatory sentences, the greater reliance on incarceration as a criminal sanction, and the "get tough on crime" policies of the 1980's and 1990's. However in 1995, court commitments to the Department of Corrections decreased 10.3% (mostly due to the new sentencing guidelines implemented in August 1994). Consequently, unlike prior years, the major contributing factor to the increase in the Department's population in 1995 were changes in the reception and releases of inmates on parole. During 1995, the number of paroles granted decreased 24% from 5,752 in 1994 to 4,382 in 1995. The final factor that has contributed to the growing inmate population is the increase in returning parole violators. In 1995, parole violators increased 6.6%, from 4,037 in 1994 to 4,302 in 1995.

Nineteen Hundred and Ninety-Five was also notable due to the emergence of two population records in Pennsylvania's state prison system. First, the Department recorded the largest single calendar year population increase in the history of the state prison population records with the population swelling by 3,856 inmates from January to December. Second, the overall state daily offender population increased by 12% from 27,131 in 1994 to 30,314 in 1995.

To fully understand the challenges faced by the Department, a knowledge base of the offender population is required. To assist with this effort, this report presents statistical profiles on the 1995 state offender population including specific details on offender receptions and releases. The report also offers a limited historical perspective on offender profile changes from 1985 to 1995 and a history of the Department.

I trust this annual statistical report will increase your understanding of the state correctional system, its changing inmate population, and the significant challenges the Department and the Commonwealth are currently addressing.

Sincerely.

Martin F. Horn Commissioner

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Department History

Section 1

OUR HISTORY

Corrections was elevated to cabinet-level status in 1984 under Act 245. From 1953 to 1980, the prison system was managed by a Bureau of Correction within the old Department of Justice. In 1980, the bureau was relocated to the newly created Office of General Counsel to the Governor after a constitutional change resulted in a switch to an elected state attorney general and the disbanding of the Justice Department.

The Bureau was created by an act of the Legislature in September 1953 after receiving a report from a special committee, chaired by retired Army Major General Jacob L. Devers, to investigate prison problems. The Devers Committee was convened during a time of prison unrest throughout the United States and after riots at Pittsburgh and Rockview early in 1953. It was the committee's mission to recommend ways to improve the correctional system.

At that time, the state's prisons were collectively grouped under the Pennsylvania Department of Welfare and governed by individual boards of trustees. The Devers Committee recommended the creation of one agency whose sole purpose would be administration of the state prison system. Based on this recommendation, the Legislature created the Bureau of Correction. Arthur T. Prasse, who was superintendent of the State Industrial School at White Hill for boys, became the first commissioner of corrections, appointed by Gov. John S. Fine.

By this time, Pennsylvania already had a notable reputation in penology. The Commonwealth was, in fact, the birthplace of the penitentiary concept, embodied in Cherry Hill, properly called Eastern State Penitentiary. It was opened in 1829 outside Philadelphia and was considered at the time to be the world's greatest penitentiary. Known to historians as "the first true penitentiary in the world," it operated until 1970.

A prison in the western part of the state, later known as Western Penitentiary, opened at Pittsburgh in 1826. It and a short-lived replacement on the same site were doomed to failure because of the smallness of their cells and lack of light. For this reason, Eastern Penitentiary is credited as the first true penitentiary despite its being three years younger than the original Western Penitentiary. In 1882, a new Western Penitentiary, today known as **SCI Pittsburgh**, was opened one mile further up the Ohio River. This institution still operates today as a close-security institution for men.

SCI Huntingdon (Huntingdon County), opened in 1889, was modeled after the Elmira Reformatory in New York. Originally the Huntingdon Reformatory for Young Offenders, it was later used for "defective delinquents" until 1960. It is now a close-security facility for men.

SCI Rockview (Centre County, 5 miles from Bellefonte) was begun in 1912 and opened in 1915. Originally planned to replace Eastern and Western Penitentiaries, it became instead the branch prison for Western Penitentiary, housing lesser security risk prisoners, most of whom were employed in Rockview's extensive farm program outside the gates. It now is a medium-security institution for men.

SCI Graterford (Montgomery County, 30 miles from Philadelphia), opened in 1929, performed the same branch function for Eastern until Eastern was closed in 1970. Today, Graterford, a close-security facility, is the largest of our institutions.

SCI Muncy (Lycoming County, 20 miles from Williamsport) is the diagnostic and classification center for the state's female inmates. It was originally opened in 1920 as The Muncy Industrial Home, a training school for female offenders between the ages of 16 and 30. Incorporated into the Bureau of Correction in 1953, SCI Muncy houses maximum, medium and minimum custody level women inmates.

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the state's sole diagnostic and classification center for men. White Hill for Young Offenders, and received Huntingdon's juvenile population en masse. It now serves as SCI Camp Hill (Cumberland County, 6 miles from Harrisburg) opened in 1941 as the Industrial School at

delinquents," Dallas, like Huntingdon, became an adult institution. It now is a medium-security facility for delinquents. After the state Supreme Court decision of 1966 voided the concept of "defective SCI Dallas (Luzerne County, 10 miles from Wilkes-Barre) was opened in 1960 as an institution for defective

housing of a greater number of state-sentenced inmates -- a necessity with the growing inmate population. redesignated "SCI Greensburg" by Governor's Proclamation. The purpose of the change was to permit mostly short-term offenders. On May 1, 1986, the State Regional Correctional Facility at Greensburg was SCI Greensburg (Westmoreland County) opened in 1969 as the first regional correctional facility, holding

sentences of at least six months and maximum sentences of less than two years, Mercer, a minimum-Housing mostly minimum-security offenders from 23 counties of western Pennsylvania, serving minimum The State Regional Correctional Facility (SRCF) at Mercer (Mercer County) opened in September 1978. Greensburg is a medium-security institution for men.

SCI Waynesburg (Greene County) was a former youth development center, converted in 1984 into a security facility, emphasizes vocational training in a variety of fields.

SCI Cresson (Cambria County, 10 miles west of Altoona), opened in 1987, was a former center for the was converted into a minimum-security facility for men. minimum-security facility for women. In 1992, with the opening of SCI Cambridge Springs, Waynesburg

SCI Frackville (Schuylkill County, off the Frackville exit of Route 81) opened in 1987. It is a close-security mentally retarded that was converted into a medium-security male institution.

SCI Retreat (Luzerne County, 10 miles southwest of Wilkes-Barre) opened in 1988. Formerly a state institution for men.

hospital for the mentally ill, it is now a medium-security institution for men.

SCI Huntingdon. Opened in 1988, it is a close-security facility for men. SCI Smithfield (Smithfield Township, Huntingdon County) was constructed on the reservation surrounding

disabled male inmates who require inpatient psychiatric care and treatment. The unit is also the sole the department's Forensic Psychiatric Unit, the unit is designed to house 100 to 120 severely mentally was transferred from the Department of Public Welfare to the Department of Corrections. Now known as in Pennsylvania. Waymart is a minimum-security facility for men. In October 1995, Farview State Hospital riot at SCI Camp Hill, the joint on-site operation of a state prison and state mental health facility is unique Hospital. Pressed into operation ahead of schedule to help deal with the aftermath of the October 1989 SCI Waymart (Wayne County) is located in a building complex that was formerly part of Farview State

College, purchased by the Commonwealth in 1990. The college campus subsequently was converted into SCI Cambridge Springs (Crawford County) opened in 1992, was formerly the Polish National Alliance service provider to 11 counties in the northeast part of the Commonwealth.

parole. The facility will accommodate both men and women offenders. disciplinary and training program, which, if successfully completed will result in their immediate release on military-style motivational boot camp. Inmates assigned to the boot camp undergo a rigid six-month Quehanna Boot Camp (Clearfield County) opened in June 1992 as the Department of Corrections' first a minimum-security facility for women.

SCI Coal Township (Northumberland County) opened in May 1993 as a medium-security institution for SCI Somerset (Somerset County) opened in May 1993 as a medium-security institution for men.

SCI Mahanoy (Schuylkill County) opened in July 1993 as a medium-security institution for men. .uəm

SCI Albion (Erie County) opened in July 1993 as a medium-security institution for men.

SCI Greene (Greene County) opened in November 1993 as a maximum-security institution for men.

SCI Houtzdale (Clearfield County) opened in January 1996 as a medium-security institution for men.

SCI Laurel Highlands (Somerset County) opened in July 1996 as a minimum-security institution for the infirm and elderly.

SCI Chester (Chester County) to open in 1997 as a medium-security institution for men.

PENNSYLVANIA'S STATE CORRECTIONAL SYSTEM TODAY

Today, under Commissioner Martin F. Horn, the Department oversees 23 state correctional institutions, 15 community corrections centers, one motivational boot camp, almost 11,000 employees and approximately 34,000 inmates. Offenders range in age from 14 to 87.

The rapid growth in inmate population in recent years has necessitated prison expansion projects. Since 1990, Pennsylvania has added nearly 10,000 beds through the construction or conversion of six new institutions and expansions to existing facilities. The capacity of the state prison system will be expanded further by the addition of approximately 10,000 cells over the next several years.

OUR MISSION

The Pennsylvania Department of Corrections recognizes and accepts its public responsibility to maintain a safe and secure environment for both the incarcerated offenders and the staff responsible for them.

We believe that every inmate should have an opportunity to be constructively engaged and involved in a program of self improvement.

Authority exercised over inmates will be fair and professionally responsible.

We recognize our responsibility to be open to and provide access to inmate families, religious groups and community volunteers.

We are sensitive to the concerns of victims and their need for inclusion in the correctional process.

We recognize that our greatest source of strength lies within our human resources -- the men and women and their families who are the Pennsylvania Department of Corrections.

PROGRAMS

The Department, in cooperation with the Pennsylvania Department of Education, operates a variety of academic and vocational training courses at each institution. Emphasis is on acquiring a basic education and job skills prior to release. Many of the institutions utilize the Laubach Literacy concept of "each one, teach one" to have inmate tutors teach others how to read. An innovative basic reading skills program -- Time to Read -- sponsored by Time-Life Inc. was successful as a pilot program at SCI Camp Hill and was expanded to SCI Muncy.

Each institution has a complete library for use by the inmates. Several also have a library for staff as part of their in-service training program. Intensive treatment programs, known as "therapeutic communities,"

are used to treat drug and alcohol offenders at SCIs Cresson, Graterford, Huntingdon, Muncy and Waymart, but there are a wide range of group and individual treatment programs throughout the system. In all, some 9,500 inmates are involved with some level of substance abuse treatment. The new 650-cell institution to be constructed in Chester will be devoted largely to drug offenders, while SCI Waymart emphasizes intensive treatment.

Specialized sex-offender programs exist at SCIs Pittsburgh, Camp Hill, Rockview, Cresson and Graterford, while most other institutions have some form of sex offender treatment.

There are in-house forensic mental health units at six institutions and a variety of support services for mental health care throughout the system. Pennsylvania has one of the few centrally coordinated Post Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD) programs in the country. Aimed at military veterans, primarily from the Vietnam era, the program provides intensive treatment at SCIs Graterford and Pittsburgh, with referral and follow up services offered at all facilities.

An innovative program for improving the parent-child relationship, called Project IMPACT (Inside Muncy, Parents and Children Together), has been successful at SCI Muncy. Meanwhile, fine arts programs have grown with increasing interest in drama, painting, music, poetry and prose. In addition, the institution has five state-licensed apprenticeships.

Our institutions also offer numerous structured athletic programs. Baseball, basketball, softball, volleyball, track, wrestling, boxing and weight lifting are some of the organized sports offered in the institutions.

Most institutions have citizen volunteer programs. Volunteers are important because they provide services the institution may not have the resources to offer. The volunteers serve as positive role models for the inmates and are seen by the inmates as helping because they "want to," not because they "have to."

CORRECTIONAL INDUSTRIES

No understanding of the structure of the state correctional system would be complete without stressing the vital economic role played by the Bureau of Correctional Industries (CI). Correctional Industries in Pennsylvania actually antedates the central corrections agency. After the state abandoned the solitary labor concept in the early 20th century and regulated contract labor by allowing Industries to sell only to tax-supported entities, full-scale manufacture of items necessary to the state was begun.

Today, Correctional Industries operates 43 industrial shops, including two farms which raise vegetable crops and a dairy herd and is considering several new ventures including optical and dental programs as well as expanded laundry and coffee and tea operations. Correctional Industries recently introduced a Big House brand for food items produced for institutional consumption. Future promotions of the Big House brand are planned.

Correctional Industries offers a variety of products and services manufactured at several institution locations. License plates are made in Pittsburgh, as are highway signs and various types of metal furniture. Huntingdon has an active print shop and makes soaps, detergents and clothing. Mattresses and cardboard boxes are the principal industries at Dallas. Graterford produces material for clothing and towels and manufactures shoes, as well as hosiery and underwear. Meat processing and freight transportation

operations are conducted at Camp Hill. Rockview is known for its forestry and sawmill operations, cannery and farming, as well as orchards and a nursery operation. Muncy offers an engraving service and a garment factory. Waymart manufactures uniform clothing. Mercer manufactures Americans with Disabilities Act signage and specialty routed signs. Greensburg manufactures office systems furniture and upholstery. Smithfield produces various types of garment outerwear. Coal Township manufactures and refinishes wood furniture. Mahanoy produces office systems and metal furniture products. Albion completes restoration projects for vehicles and equipment. Commercial laundries are in operation at Somerset and Cresson institutions.

Correctional Industries operates on its own budget using funds raised through the sale of its products and services and does not receive any state tax monies. Total sales for fiscal year 1994-95 were approximately \$29 million and yielded a profit of about a half of a million dollars. Presently, CI employs roughly 1,900 inmates throughout the system and its primary mission is to meet the needs of governmental institutions while remaining self-sustaining. CI also has a programmatic goal of providing vocational training and work ethic experience for inmates. Although the exact job, such as weaving or license plate production, may not be available in free society, the skills learned in mastering heavy equipment are transferable to the job market. Many inmates have had no sustained employment, and learning how to work can be as important in many situations as a vocation or skill.

COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS

In addition to its institutions, the Department of Corrections also has nearly 900 offenders on prerelease status living in Community Corrections Centers and group homes. These are residential facilities located in urban areas, allowing their residents closer contact with job and educational opportunities.

In 1968, the General Assembly passed Act 173, designed to develop Community Corrections Centers. The first such facility opened in Harrisburg in 1969. There are currently 15 Community Corrections Centers operating throughout the Commonwealth in Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Harrisburg, Erie, Sharon, Scranton, York, Allentown and Johnstown. Two, in Pittsburgh and Philadelphia, provide services exclusively for female offenders. In addition to the 15 centers operated by the Bureau of Community Corrections, there are also a number of contract facilities used by the Bureau to provide specialized treatment and supervision services, particularly in the area of substance abuse programming.

The Bureau of Community Corrections also contracts for services on behalf of the Pennsylvania Board of Probation and Parole (PBPP). These facilities are designated Community Parole Centers (CPCs) and essentially serve as "half-way back" facilities for parolees who are experiencing difficulty under parole supervision and for whom a parole violation may be imminent. The purpose of the program is to provide an interim option for the PBPP as an alternative to citing a parolee for parole violation and returning him or her to a state correctional institution.

In general, the program regimen followed in Community Corrections Centers and Community Contract Facilities is designed specifically to approximate the reality of living in a community setting, while retaining the legal custody of individuals placed in the program. Inmates assigned to community programs are expected to secure employment or educational or vocational training. They also are responsible for rent payment, food shopping and preparation and general housekeeping. By law, Community Corrections Center staff is directed to collect and disburse all resident funds. Each resident is required to make

scheduled regular payments towards fines and costs, child support and rent to the facility. For the resident, the Community Corrections Center experience is meant to provide an atmosphere of support, while challenging individuals to assume responsibility for their lives as they near the end of their minimum sentences and their eventual return to the community. The program emphasizes personal accountability for one's actions.

TRAINING ACADEMY

On July 1, 1991, the Department of Corrections acquired the former Elizabethtown Hospital and Rehabilitation Center, and converted it into the department's first residential training academy, which opened on October 1, 1991. On April 2, 1992, several buildings, the auditorium and a classroom were named in memory of correctional personnel killed in the line of duty. In July 1992, excavation for the new weapons range was completed.

Each fiscal year approximately 4,000 correctional employees (county and state) attend classes at the training academy. Some of the academy acreage is farmed by a neighboring farmer and a sizeable deer herd roams the woods surrounding the academy. The academy staff complement numbers 45 including managers, personnel analysts, corrections officers, maintenance, food service and clerical employees. An average of 50 inmates from SCI Camp Hill provide daily maintenance and food service labor.

VICTIM SERVICES

The Department of Corrections' first Office of Victim Services (OVS) was established in September 1993 to implement the Department's mandate under the Pennsylvania Crime Victims Bill of Rights (ACT 155, 1992). Under this new law the Department of Corrections (DOC) is responsible for notifying registered crime victims of inmate release and giving crime victims the opportunity to provide comments on those release decisions. Notification, information and assistance is given to all registered crime victims whose offenders have been sentenced to a state correctional facility.

In 1995, Act 8 was passed during the Governor's Special Session on Crime, establishing the Office of the Victim Advocate. The Victim Advocate, a gubernatorial appointment, has the responsibility and the duty to represent the rights and interest of crime victims before the DOC and the Board of Probation and Parole (PBPP). The Victim Advocate is a member of the PBPP and has the authority to petition the Board on behalf of the victim to deny parole and/or set conditions of parole. The Victim Advocate oversees the operations of the victim input and notification programs administered by the DOC and PBPP. Victim Services, the Office of the Victim Advocate has implemented several new initiatives in an effort to effectively incorporate victims' issues into the correctional process. The first initiative has been the establishment of the Victim Services Advisory Committee, chaired by the Victim Advocate. This committee is comprised of members of the Pennsylvania victim services community and is responsible for advising the DOC regarding programs, policies and procedures impacting the victims' role in the correctional process.

The Victim Services Advisory Committee has been instrumental in developing the "Impact of Crime Classes for Inmates." This educational program is designed to raise awareness regarding the impact of crime, instill empathy and a sense of accountability to inmates can alter behavior in an effort to decrease victimization and crime. The program is presently being piloted in seven state correctional facilities: Camp Hill, Cambridge Springs, Waymart, Dallas, Rockview, Somerset, and Smithfield. Participation by inmates is voluntary and inmates receive no credit towards pre-release or parole for their participation.

Receptions

Section 2

Section 2: Receptions

1995

ights

From 1994 to 1995, total receptions decreased by 3.6%, from 10,812 to 10,423, respectively. Court commitments accounted for 58.3% of the receptions in 1995, while parole violators, represented 41.3% of the total receptions.

The Department experienced changes in the type of commitments received during the 1994 - 1995 period:

Overall Court Commitments decreased by 10.3%, from 6,774 in 1994 to 6,073 in 1995;

Overall Receptions decreased by 3.6%;

Parole violators returned to the Department increased by 6.6%;

Female court commitments decreased by 21.7%, while male court commitments decreased by 9.4%;

Philadelphia County's court commitments decreased by 8.8%.

The type of offenses for which offenders were committed to the Department have also changed during the 1994 to 1995 period:

Court commitments for Part One offenses decreased by 10.3%, while Part Two offenses decreased by 10.6%.

Second degree murder commitments decreased by 22.8%;

Narcotic drug commitments decreased by 10.1%.

The characteristics of lifers received by the Department changed between 1994 and 1995:

Lifers received by the Department decreased by 19.6%;

Lifers received under the age of 20 decreased by 15.2%.

TABLE 1: STATE PRISON RECEPTIONS BY TYPE AND OFFENDER SEX, 1985 TO 1995

YEAR		COURT	Control of the Contro		PAROLI VIOLATO			COUNTY TRANSFERS		
	MALE	FEMALE	SUB-TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	SUB-TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	SUB-TOTAL	ANNUA!
1985	4,073	233	4,306	1,612	39	1,651	25	1	26	5,983
1986	3,833	312	4,145	1,756	48	1,804	12	4	16	5,965
1987	3,555	290	3,845	2,043	65	2,108	16	5	21	5,974
1988	3,830	340	4,170	2,472	98	2,570	20	3	23	6,763
1989	5,086	491	5,577	2,435	85	2,520	3	0	3	8,100
1990	5,958	450	6,408	2,146	84	2,230	1	0	1	8,639
1991	5,923	480	6,403	2,611	93	2,704	4	0	4	9,111
1992	5,579	436	6,015	3,137	103	3,240	0	0	0	9,255
1993	5,493	457	5,950	3,423	131	3,554	1	3	4	9,508
1994	6,276	498	6,774	3,861	176	4,037	1	0	1	10,812
1995	5,683	390	6,073	4,097	205	4,302	1	47	48	10,423

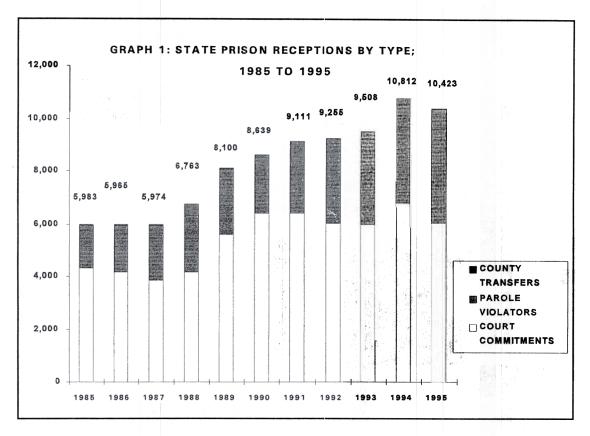


TABLE 2: RECEPTIONS BY COMMITTING COUNTY AND OFFENDER SEX

COUNTY	COURT MALE	COMMITM FEMALE			OLE VIOLATOR			RECEPTIONS		% 01
ADAMS	MALE 21	PEMALE	TOTAL 21	MALE 5	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	TOTAL
ALLEGHENY	621	42	663	5 770	1	6	26	1	27	0.3
ARMSTRONG	13	4	17	, , o 5	44 0	814 5	1391	86	1,477	13.7
BEAVER	44	6	50	44	5	5 49	18 88	4	22	0.2
BEDFORD	. 7	0	7	3	Ö	3	11*	11 0	99	0.9
BERKS	193	16	209	164	12	176	360*	28	11 388	0.1
BLAIR	28	2	30	16	5005-001.001.350005 1	17	44	3	47	3.6
BRADFORD	29	2	31	5	.0	5	34	2	36	0.4 0.3
BUCKS	66	7	73	35	0	35	101	7	108	1.0
BUTLER CAMBRIA	27	0	27	12	0	12	39	0	39	0.4
CAMERON	38 3	1	39	8	1	9	46	2	48	0.4
CARBON	12	0	3	0	0	. 0	3	0	3	0.0
CENTRE	23	3	12 26	3	1	4	16*	1	17	0.2
CHESTER	125	6	131	12 68	1 4	13	36	4	39	0.4
CLARION	12	ŏ	12	4	0	72 4	193	10	203	1.9
CLEARFIELD	24	2	26	22	1	23	16	0	16	0.1
CLINTON	7	0	7	-4	, 	23 4	46 11	3	49	0.5
COLUMBIA	8	0	8	7	0	7	15	0		0.1
CRAWFORD	26	2	28	19	en e	20	45	3	15 48	0.1
CUMBERLAND	43	3	46	25	2	27	68	5	73	0.4
DAUPHIN	278	16	293	148	6	154	427*	21	73 448	0.7 4.1
DELAWARE	231	14	245	119	4	123	361*	19*	380	3.5
ELK	6	0	6	5	1	6	11	1	12	0.1
ERIE FAYETTE	205	20	225	207	22	229	412	42	454	4.2
FOREST	80	6	86	43	3	46	123	9	132	1.2
FRANKLIN	4 68	0 3	4	2	0	2	6	0	6	0.1
FULTON	4	0	71 4	25 6	3	28	93	6	99	0.9
GREENE	25	- 5	30	10	0	6	10	0	10	0.1
HUNTINGDON	10	Õ	10	4	0	10 4	35	5	40	0.4
INDIANA	19	2	21	6		7	14 26*	0	14	0.1
JEFFERSON	12	1	13	3	0	3	15	3	29 16	0.3
JUNIATA	2	1	3		Ō	1	3	nda namasana p aka	4	0.1
LACKAWANNA	64	6	70	42	2	44	110*	8	118	0.0 1.1
LANCASTER	163	15	178	82	2	84	245	17	262	2.4
LAWRENCE	39	2	41	24	1	25	63	3	66	0.6
LEBANON	29	1	30	25	2	27	55*	. 3	58	0.5
LEHIGH LUZERNE	150	21	171	64	5	69	222*	26	248	2.3
LYCOMING	41	_3	44	14	0	14	58*	3	61	0.6
MCKEAN	73 19	17 0	90	43	2	45	116	19	135	1.2
MERCER	55	9	19 64	4 40	્રે	4	23	0	23	0.2
MIFFLIN	Š	ŏ	9	9	2 0	42 9	95	11	106	1.0
MONROE	23	2	25	12		. 3 13	18 37*	0 3	18	0.2
MONTGOMERY	187	22	209	177	15	192	366*	37	40 403	0.4
MONTOUR	1	0	1	5	0	5	6	0	403 6	3.7
NORTHAMPTON	36	. 1	37	32		33	69*	2	71	0.1 0.7
NORTHUMBERLAND	34	2	36	25	0	25	59	2	61	0.7
PERRY	11		12	8	0	8	19	VISTO (800 811 818 1	20	0.0
PHILADELPHIA	1,973	84	2,057	1,482	50	1,532	3,459*	134	3,593	33.2
PIKE	12	0	12	2	0	2	15*	0	15	0.1
POTTER SCHUYLKILL	6	0	6	0	1	1	6	1	7	0.1
SNYDER	16 21	3 3	1.9	10	0	10	26	3	29	0.3
SOMERSET	21	0	24	7 9	1	8	28	4	32	0.3
SULLIVAN	1	0	15 1	1	Ŏ	9	24	0	24	0.2
SUSQUEHANNA	15	3	18		0	1	2	0	2	0.0
TIOGA	12	4 - Janes 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	13	3	1 0	12 3	26 15	4	30	0.3
UNION	4	2	.6	5	· · · · · ·	. 5	9	2	16	0.1
VENANGO	27	3	30	10		11	37	4	11 41	0.1 0.4
WARREN	18	0	18	11	0		29	ō	29	0.4
WASHINGTON	40	7	47	11	Ō	11	52*	7	59	0.5
WAYNE	13		14	7	1	8	21*	2	23	0.3
WESTMORELAND	58	4	62	31	0	31	89	4	93	0.9
WYOMING	11		12	2	0	2	14*	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	15	0.1
YORK	189	13	202	71	3	74	260	16	276	2.6
FEDERAL	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0		0.0
UNKNOWN/OTHER TOTAL	3 E 602	0	3	8	0	8	11	0	11	0.1
	5,683	390	6,073	4,097	205	4,302	9,827*	596*	10,423*	100.0

TABLE 3: TEN COUNTIES WITH THE HIGHEST COURT COMMITMENT ACTIVITY IN 1995

RANK	COUNTY	COURT COMMITMENTS	PERCENT OF STATE TOTAL
1	PHILADELPHIA	2,057	33.9
2	ALLEGHENY	663	10.9
3	DAUPHIN	293	4.8
4	DELAWARE	245	4.0
5	ERIE	225	3.7
6	BERKS	209	3.4
7	MONTGOMERY	209	3.4
8	YORK	202	3.3
9	LANCASTER	178	2.9
10	LEHIGH	171	2.8
	SUB-TOTAL	4,452	73.3
	REMAINING COUNTIES	1,621	26.7
	STATE TOTAL	6,073	100.0

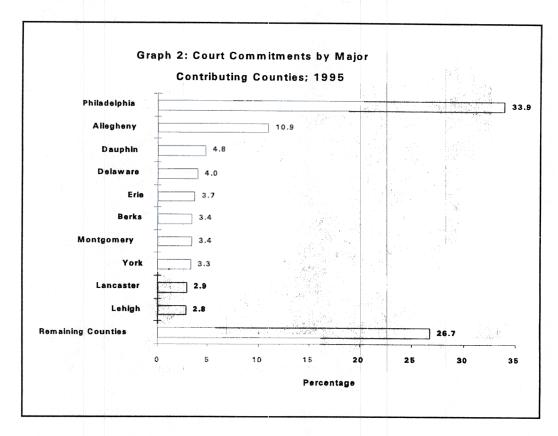


TABLE 4: COURT COMMITMENTS BY COUNTY FOR 1994 AND 1995

	COURT COM			
COUNTY			GROWTH	
COUNTY	1994	1995	FACTOR %	
ALLEGHENY	819	21 663	40.0 19.0	
ARMSTRONG	17	17	0.0	
BEAVER	71	50	-29.6	
BEDFORD	10	7	-30.0	
BERKS	278	209	-24.8	
BLAIR	29	30	3.4	
BRADFORD	26	31	19.2	
BUCKS	85	73	-14.1	
CAMBRIA	66	27 39	-25.0	
CAMERON	5	3	40.9 -40.0	
CARBON	17	12	-29.4	
CENTRE	27	26	-3.7	
CHESTER	120	131	9.2	
CLARION	10	12	20.0	
CLEARFIELD	34	26	-23.5	
CLINTON	7	7	0.0	
COLUMBIA		8	0.0	
CHAWFORD	25	28	12.0	
CUMBERLAND DAUPHIN	40	46	15.0	
DELAWARE	323 271	293 245	9.3	
EK.	5	6	-9.6	
ERIE	251	225	20.0	
FAYETTE	124	86	-30.6	
FOREST	3	4	33.3	
FRANKLIN	55	71	29.1	
FULTON	10	4	-60.0	
GREENE	12	30	150.0	
HUNTINGDON	- 8	10	25.0	
INDIANA	19	21	10.5	
JEFFERSON	11	13	18.2	
JUNIATA LACKAWANNA	5 73	70	40.0	
LANCASTER	178	178	4.1	
LAWRENCE	44	41	-6.8	
LEBANON	30	30	0.0	
LEHIGH	184	171	-7.1	
LUZERNE	41	44	7.3	
LYCOMING	86	90	4.7	
MCKEAN	13	19	46.2	
MERCER	74	64	-13.5	
MIFFLIN	24	9	-62.5	
MONROE	35	25	-28.6	
MONTGOMERY	213	209	-1.9	
MONTOUR NORTHAMPTON	67	37	80.0 -44.8	
NORTHUMBERLAND	51	36	-29.4	
PERRY	20	12	-40.0	
PHILADELPHIA	2.255	2,057	-8.8	
PIKE	4	12	200.0	
POTTER	9	6	-33.3	
SCHUYLKILL	18	19	5.6	
SNYDER	12	24	100.0	
SOMERSET	33	16	-54.5	
SULLIVAN	2	- 1	-50.0	
SUSQUEHANNA	15	18	20.0	
TIDGA: UNION	29	13	-55.2 -33.3	
VENANGO	37	3	91.9	
WARREN	4	30	650.0	
WASHINGTON	38	18	-52.6	
WAYNE	25	47	88.0	
WESTMORELAND	84	14	83.3	
WYOMING	10	62	520.0	
YORK	207	12	-94.2	
FEDERAL PRISON	4	202	20,100.0	
UNKNOWN	2	1	-50.0	
TOTAL	6,774	6,073	-10.3	

TABLE 5: COURT COMMITMENTS RECEIVED FROM 1985 TO 1995 BY AGE GROUP

AGE	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	199
UNDER 18	27	24	24	28	20	32	30	33	35	50	6
18 TO 20	566	493	397	449	506	608	605	629	577	749	673
21 TO 24	1,015	930	807	848	1,146	1,370	1,360	1,424	1,274	1,531	1,30
25 TO 29	1,011	924	917	1.011	1,341	1,518	1,519	1,444	1,288	1,408	1,35
30 TO 34	716	716	659	754	1,036	1,224	1,186	1,222	1,119	1,177	986
35 TO 39	424	466	448	445	634	752	780	743	746	855	755
40 TO 44	194	252	245	261	409	443	475	484	488	498	463
45 TO 49	123	123	152	156	218	219	213	214	210	251	226
50 TO 54	63	67	63	74	99	117	113	123	99	132	115
55 TO 59	58	44	37	48	56	74	65	40	52	65	56
60 TO 64	26	32	30	24	39	31	30	31	39	36	41
65 AND OVER	14	10	16	16	26	20	23	28	23	22	34
UNKNOWN	69	64	50	56	47	0	4	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	4,306	4,145	3,845	4,170	5,577	6,408	6,403	6,415	5,950	6,774	6.073
MEDIAN	27.5	28.0	28.6	28.8	29.1	28.9	29.0	28.9	29.2	28.6	28.5
AVERAGE	29.5	30.1	30.6	30.5	31.0	30.7	30.7	30.6	30.9	30.5	30.6
% UNDER 25	38.0	35.5	32.4	32.2	32.2	31.4	31.2	32.5	31.7	34.4	33.6
% 40 AND OVER	11.3	12.9	14.3	14.1	15.3	14.1	14.4	14.3	15.3	14.8	15.5

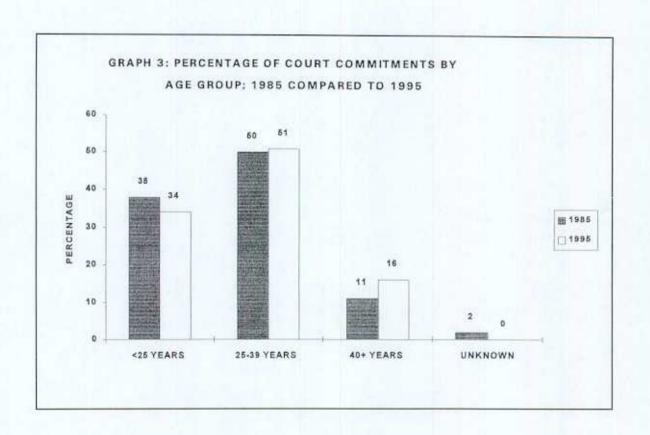


TABLE 6: PROFILE OF COURT COMMITMENTS RECEIVED IN 1994 BY AGE, RACE AND SEX

		<u>R/</u>	ACE		S	EX		PERC	ENT
AGE	WHITE	BLACK	HISPANIC	OTHER	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	WHITE	MALE
UNDER 18	4	41	5	0	50	0	50	8.0	100.0
18 TO 20	183	457	105	4	737	12	749	24.4	98.4
21 TO 24	416	932	174	9	1,462	69	1,531	27.2	95.5
25 TO 29	434	801	166	7	1,305	103	1,408	30.8	92.7
30 TO 34	453	567	150	7	1,049	128	1,177	38.5	89.1
35 TO 39	342	398	112	3	765	90	855	40.0	89.5
40 TO 44	227	219	52	0	452	46	498	45.6	90.8
45 TO 49	113	108	30	О	228	23	251	45.0	90.8
50 TO 54	69	45	17	1	116	16	132	52.3	87.9
55 TO 59	37	24	4	0	57	8	65	56.9	87.7
60 TO 64	17	13	6	0	35	1	36	47.2	97.2
65 AND OVER	17	3	2	0	20	2	22	77.3	90.9
UNKNOWN	0	0	0	0	0		0		30.5
TOTAL	2,312	3,608	823	31	6,276	498	6,774	34.1	92.6
MEDIAN AGE	27.1	27.1	28.9	26.7	28.2	32.5	28.6	-	75. 7
AVERAGE AGE	32.7	29.2	30.4	27.9	30.3	33.6	30.5		
% UNDER 25	26.1	39.7	34.5	41.2	35.8	16.3	34.4		
% 40 AND OVER	20.8	11.4	13,5	3.2	14.5	19.3	14.8		2004 - 100 - 6

TABLE 7: PROFILE OF COURT COMMITMENTS RECEIVED IN 1995 BY AGE, RACE AND SEX

		<u>R/</u>	<u>ACE</u>		<u>s</u>	EX		PERC	ENT
AGE	WHITE	BLACK	HISPANIC	OTHER	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	WHITE	MALE
UNDER 18	8	47	9	0	64	0	64	12.5	100.0
18 TO 20	155	438	77	2	655	17	672	23.1	97.5
21 TO 24	312	797	190	6	1,264	41	1,305	23.9	96.9
25 TO 29	388	779	176	9	1,270	82	1,352	28.7	93.9
30 TO 34	362	493	128	3	892	94	986	36.7	90.5
35 TO 39	333	331	88	3	674	81	755	44.1	89.3
40 TO 44	215	196	51	1	413	50	463	46.4	89.2
45 TO 49	104	95	26	1	214	12	226	46.0	94.7
50 TO 54	57	41	19	2	113	6	119	47.9	95.0
55 TO 59	31	19	6	0	54	2	56	55.4	96.4
60 TO 64	21	13	6	1	38	3	41	51.2	92.7
65 AND OVER	23	10	1	0	32	2	34	67.6	94.1
UNKNOWN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	- -	Waliotek bari -
TOTAL	2,009	3,259	777	28	5,683	390	6,073	33.1	93.6
MEDIAN AGE	31.7	26.8	27.9	27.3	28.2	32.4	28.5	-	<u>-</u>
AVERAGE AGE	33.3	29.1	30,1	31.6	30.4	33.5	30.6	÷	.ar-•
% UNDER 25	23.6	39.3	35.5	28.6	34.9	14.9	33.6	ra sea provincialista (m. en •	ranceraja •
% 40 AND OVER	22.4	11.5	14.0	17.9	15.2	19.2	15.5		

TABLE 8: COMPARISON OF COURT COMMITMENTS BY OFFENSE FOR 1994 AND 1995

	<u>1</u> 5	994	1:	995	CHANGE	1994-1995
PART I OFFENSES	NUMBER	PERCENT OF TOTAL	NUMBER	PERCENT OF TOTAL	NUMBER	PERCENT
MURDER:					'	
FIRST DEGREE	101	1.5	99	1.6	-2	-2.0
SECOND DEGREE	57	0.8	44	0.7	-13	-22.8
THIRD DEGREE	195	2.9	151	2.5	-44	-22.6
UNSPECIFIED	96	1.4	88	1.5	-8	-8.3
MANSLAUGHTER:						
VOLUNTARY	44	0.7	37	0.6	-7	-15.9
INVOLUNTARY	16	0.2	24	0.4	8	50.0
HOMICIDE BY VEHICLE	63	0.9	47	0.8	-16	-25.4
FORCIBLE RAPE	201	3.0	303	5.0	102	50.7
ROBBERY	869	12.8	759	12.5	-110	-12.7
AGGRAVATED						
ASSAULT	601	8.9	582	9.6	-19	-3.2
BURGLARY	510	7.5	414	6.8	-96	-18.8
THEFT/LARCENY	387	5.7	262	4.3	-125	-32,3
ARSON	41	0.6	42	0.7	1	2.4
TOTAL PART 1 OFFENSES	3,181	47.0	2,852	47.0	-329	-10.3

	199	<u>)4</u>	19	95	CHANGE	1994-1995
PART II OFFENSES	NUMBER	PERCENT OF TOTAL	NUMBER	PERCENT OF TOTAL	NUMBER	PERCENT
OTHER ASSAULTS	116	1.7	122	2.0	6	5.2
FORGERY	79	1.2	62	1.0	-17	-21.5
FRAUD	58	0.9	47	0.8	-11	-19.0
RECEIVING STOLEN PROPERTY	173	2.6	163	2.7	-10	-5.8
WEAPONS	64	0.9	53	0.9	-11	-17.2
DRUNKEN DRIVING	115	1.7	137	2.3	22	19.1
PRISON BREACH	56	0.8	53	0.9	-3	-5.4
KIDNAPPING	21	0.3	29	0.5	8	38.1
STATUTORY RAPE	31	0.5	26	0.4	-5	-16.1
DEVIATE SEXUAL INTERCOURSE	175	2.6	62	1.0	-113	-64.6
OTHER SEX OFFENSES	75	1.1	0	0.0	-75	-100.0
NARCOTIC DRUG LAWS	2,222	32.8	1,998	33.0	-224	-10.1
OTHER PART II OFFENSES	403	6.0	457	7.5	54	13.4
TOTAL PART II OFFENSES	3,588	53.0	3,209	53.0	-379	-10.6
UNKNOWN	5	-	12		-7	-
TOTAL PART I & II	6,774	100.0	6,073	100.0	-701	-10.3

TABLE 9: COURT COMMITMENTS BY MINIMUM SENTENCE AND OFFENDER SEX IN 1995

	<u>M</u>	<u>ALE</u>	FE	MALE	<u>TO</u>	<u>TAL</u>
MINIMUM SENTENCE	NUMBER	*PERCENT OF TOTAL	NUMBER	*PERCENT OF TOTAL	NUMBER	*PERCENT OF TOTAL
1 YEAR AND UNDER	1,077	19.0	115	29.6	1,192	19.7
OVER 1 TO 2 YEARS	1,754	30.9	125	32.1	1,879	31.0
OVER 2 TO 3 YEARS	991	17.5	61	15.7	1,052	17.4
OVER 3 TO 5 YEARS	973	17.2	50	12.9	1,023	16.9
OVER 5 TO 10 YEARS	526	9.3	19	4.9	545	9.0
OVER 10 TO 20 YEARS	164	2.9	6	1.5	170	2.8
OVER 20 YEARS	30	0.5	1	0.3	31	0.5
LIFE W/O PAROLE	140	2.5	12	3.1	152	2.5
DEATH SENTENCE	16	0.3	0	0.0	16	0.3
NOT YET REPORTED	12	•	1		13	
TOTAL	5,683	100.0	390	100.0	6,073	100.0

^{* =} MAY EXCEED 100% DUE TO ROUNDING

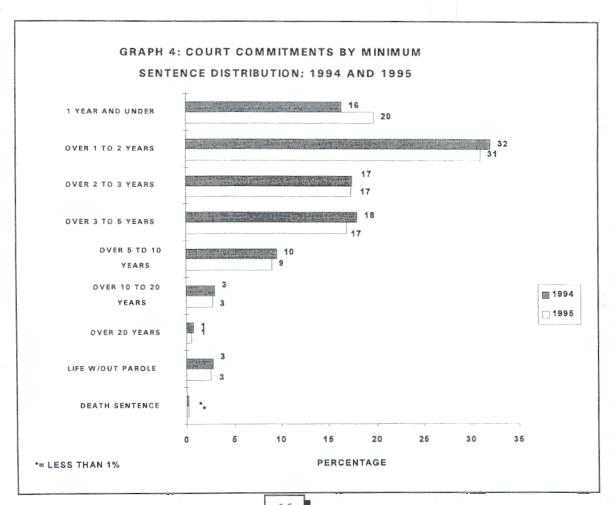


TABLE 10: COURT COMMITMENTS IN 1995 BY MAXIMUM SENTENCE AND OFFENDER SEX

	M	ALE	FEA	MALE	TO	TAL
MAXIMUM SENTENCE	NUMBER	*PERCENT OF TOTAL	NUMBER	PERCENT OF TOTAL	NUMBER	*PERCENT OF TOTAL
UNDER 2 YEARS	12	0.2	9	2.3	21	0.3
TWO YEARS ONLY	588	10.5	53	13,7	641	10.7
OVER 2 TO 5 YEARS	2,200	39.1	169	43.B	2,369	39.4
OVER 5 TO 10 YEARS	1,726	30.7	111	28.8	1,837	30.6
OVER 10 TO 20 YEARS	685	12.2	24	6.2	709	11.8
OVER 20 TO 30 YEARS	162	2.9	5	1.3	167	2.8
OVER 30 TO 40 YEARS	56	1.0	2	0.5	58	1.0
OVER 40 TO 50 YEARS	15	0.3	0	0.0	15	0.3
OVER 50 YEARS	25	0.4	1	0.3	26	0.4
LIFE W/O PAROLE	140	2.5	12	3.1	152	2.5
DEATH SENTENCE	16	0.3	0	0.0	16	0.3
NOT YET REPORTED	58		4		62	dine is
TOTAL	5,683	100.0	390	100.0	6,073	100.0

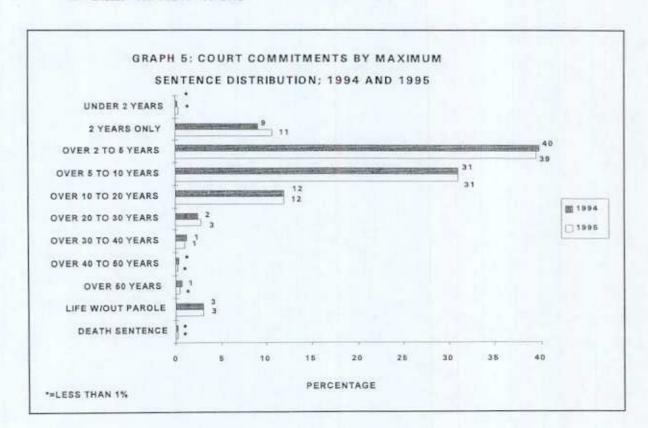


TABLE 11: PROFILE OF LIFERS RECEIVED FROM 1985 TO 1995

COUNTY	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	TOTAL	TOTAL %*
PHILADELPHIA	50	79	60	114	85	114	94	100	84	93	67	940	56.9
ALLEGHENY	16	.11	13	17	6	7	12	12	11	23	19	146	8.8
DAUPHIN	11	2	1	0	4	4	2	4	3	8	4	43	2.6
DELAWARE	4	2	4	4	2	3	2	7	2	10	8	48	2.9
BUCKS	3	3	4	3	1	4	4	5	3	4	2	36	2.2
ANCASTER	2	0	1	0	3	8	2	6	3	5	8	38	2.3
BERKS	1	2	3	3	1	4	3	1	2	4	4	28	1.7
ORK	2	1	2			7							
Onk	4		2 :	5	1	. 7	3	2	0	0	3	26	1.6
RIE	3	1	1	2	1	3	2	2	4	2	2	23	1.4
CHESTER	0	1	3	4	1	3	4	5	0	3	2	26	1.6
OTHER COUNTIES	20	21	27	33	23	25	25	25	28	37	33	297	18.0
AGE	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	TOTAL	TOTAL %*
JNDER 20	6	5	10	10	11	26	13	24	12	33	28	178	10.8
20 TO 24	26	30	26	48	40	48	55	57	57	60	50	497	30.1
25 TO 29	28	30	29	41	27	38	32	34	30	33	34	356	21.6
30 TO 34	15	27	18	32	18	18	21	19	14:	27	13	222	13.4
35 TO 39	19	10	19	18	11	15	11	11	9	14	13	150	9.1
40 TO 44	6	11	6	20	10	13	7	12	9	12	5	- 111	6.7
15 AND OVER	11	10	11	16	11	24	14	12	9	10	9	137	8.3
MEAN	**	**	••	••	••	30.5	28.9	28.6	28.8	27.9	27.4	28.7	
MEDIAN	**	**	••	••	••	27.0	26.6	25.9	25.1	25.1	24.6	25.8	
RACE	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	TOTAL	TOTAL %*
WHITE	47	41	51	64	53	70	47	51	40	54	36	554	33.6
NON-WHITE	64	82	68	121	75	112	106	118	100	135	116	1,097	66.4
SEX	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	TOTAL	TOTAL %*
MALE	104	117	110	173	123	180	150	160	130	180	140	1,567	94.9
FEMALE	7	6	9	12	5	2	3	9	10	9	12	84	5.1
TOTAL	111	123	119	185	128	182	153	169	140	189	152	1,651	100.0
TOTAL													

^{* = %} OF TOTAL 1985 TO 1995; MAY EXCEED 100% DUE TO ROUNDING **NO DATA AVAILABLE

Population

Section 3

Section 3: Population

1995

The incarceration rate for selected counties in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania increased at varying rates from 1994 to 1995.

Dauphin County's incarceration rate increased 19.3%, from 382.4 per 100,000 in 1994 to 456.3 per 100,000 in 1995.

Allegheny County's incarceration rate increased 15.2%, from 274.2 per 100,000 in 1994 to 315.8 per 100,000 in 1995.

Philadelphia County's incarceration rate increased 14%, from 762.8 per 100,000 in 1994 to 869.7 per 100,000 in 1995.

Erie County's incarceration rate increased 21.6%, from 347.8 per 100,000 in 1994 to 422.9 per 100,000 in 1995.

The Department's offender population increased by 14.5% from 28,302 on 12/31/94 to 32,410 on 12/31/95.

Parole violators, as a percent of the total offender population, increased by 28.2% from 4,493 in 1994 to 5,762 in 1995.

The characteristics of offenders who were serving a life sentence in the Department has changed during the 1994 to 1995 period:

The number of offenders serving a life sentence increased by 6.0%, from 2,806 in 1994 to 2,973 in 1995. However, In 1995, the lifer population actually accounted for a smaller portion of the stock population (9.2% of the population compared to 9.9% in 1994).

The average age for lifers in 1995 was 38.5 years, up slightly from the 1994 average of 38.2. Overall, the average age for all offenders in 1995 was 34 years.

Lifers who have served less than 15 years in the Department accounted for 70.6% of the total lifer population in 1995 versus 71.7% in 1994.

Highlight

TABLE 12: INCARCERATION RATE FOR THE TOP TEN COMMITTING COUNTIES*

RANKING	COUNTY	INCARCERATION RATE FOR 1994	INCARCERATION RATE FOR 1995	PERCENT CHANGE
1	PHILADELPH	IIA 762.8	869.7	14.0
2	DAUPHIN	382.4	456.3	19.3
3	ERIE	347.8	422.9	21.6
4	ALLEGHENY	274.2	315.8	15.2
5	LYCOMING	256.3	294.5	14.9
6	BERKS	238.2	275.8	15.8
7	LEHIGH	180.9	229.0	26.6
8	FAYETTE	201.3	228.2	13.4
9	MERCER	194.8	221.7	13.8
10	YORK	196.8	218.3	10.9

^{*}RANKING BY 1995 INCARCERATION RATE PER 100,000 CIVILIANS FOR COUNTIES WITH A POPULATION OVER 50,000.

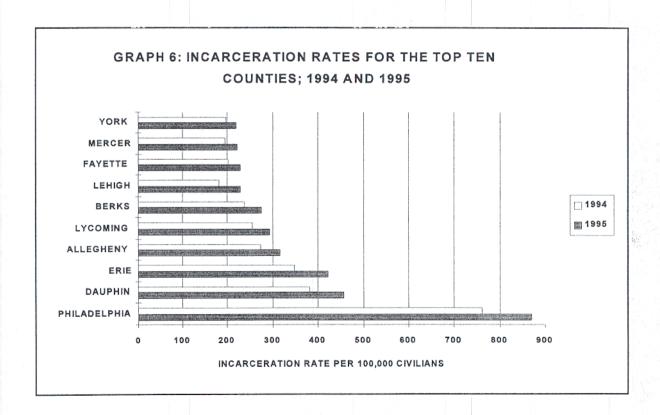


TABLE 13: INMATE POPULATION BY COUNTY ON DECEMBER 31, 1994 AND DECEMBER 31, 1995

		DECEMBER 31	, 1994			DECEMBER	31, 1995	
COUNTY				PERCENT				PERCENT
ADAMS	MALE 56	FEMALE 1	TOTAL 57	OF TOTAL 0.2	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	OF TOTAL
ALLEGHENY	3,437	184	3,621	13	61 3,942	195	63 4,137	0.2
ARMSTRONG	53	1	54	0.2	64	5	4,137 69	12.8
BEAVER	210	9	219	0.8	242	17	259	0.8
BEDFORD	29	0	29	0.1	34	0	34	0.1
BERKS	764	64	828	2.9	899	65	964	3.0
BLAIR	143	5	148	0.5	159	6	165	0.5
BRADFORD BUCKS	75	3	78	0,3	81	5	86	0.3
BUTLER	429 111	9 4	438	1.5	475	12	487	1.5
CAMBRIA	155	9	115 164	0.4 0.6	128	4	132	0.4
CAMERON	10	0	104	0.0	181 9	10 •0	191	0.6
CARBON	50	1	51	0.2	53	1	9 54	0.0
CENTRE	112	3	115	0.4	136	7	143	0.2 0.4
CHESTER	455	31	486	1.7	551	32	583	1.8
CLARION	20	1	21	0.1	35	1	36	0.1
CLEARFIELD	129	9	138	0.5	133	8	141	0.4
CLINTON	34	2	36	0.1	41		42	0.1
COLUMBIA	37	2	39	0.1	45	2	47	0.1
CRAWFORD	117	7	124	0.4	138	9	147	0.5
CUMBERLAND DAUPHIN	158 894	20	178	0.6	194	16	210	0.6
DELAWARE	873	45 38	939 911	3.3 3.2	1,075	. 49	1,124	3.5
ELK	29	3	32	0,1	1,028 29	46 3	1,074	3.3
ERIE	912	63	975	3.4	1,108	78	32 1,186	0.1 3.7
FAYETTE	280	15	295	1.0	318	17	335	1.0
FOREST	14	0	14	0.0	18	0	18	0.1
FRANKLIN	200	7	207	0.7	237	10	247	0.8
FULTON	32	1	33	0.1	31	1	32	0.1
GREENE	55	1	56	0.2	71	5	7.6	0.2
HUNTINGDON	37	2	39	0.1	48	2	50	0.2
INDIANA JEFFERSON	75 32	5	80	0.3	85	6	91	0.3
JUNIATA	15	1	33 16	0.1	39	1	40	0.1
LACKAWANNA	269	18	287	0,1 1.0	13 307	.2 18	15	0.0
LANCASTER	554	32	586	2,1	679	40	325 719	1.0 2.2
LAWRENCE	162	14	176	0.6	187	13	200	0.6
LEBANON	147	8	155	0.5	171	8	179	0.6
LEHIGH	493	46	539	1.9	622	60	682	2.1
LUZERNE	202	8	210	0.7	229	9	238	0.7
LYCOMING	282	28	310	1.1	315	39	354	1.1
MCKEAN	39	1	40	0,1	56	1	57	0.2
MERCER MIFFLIN	221	17	238	0.8	252	19	271	0.8
MONROE	57 108	6 8	63	0,2	63	5	68	0.2
MONTGOMERY	853	58	116 911	0.4 3.2	120 999	7 72	127	0.4
MONTOUR	22	2	24	0.1	21	1	1,071 22	3.3
NORTHAMPTON	213	10	223	0.8	237	12	249	0.1 0.8
NORTHUMBERLAND	172	8	180	0.6	191	10	201	0.6
PERRY	63	10	73	0.3	71	8	79	0.2
PHILADELPHIA	11,209	418	11,627	41	12,584	453	13,037	40.2
PIKE	31	1	32	0.1	39	1	40	0.1
POTTER	24	3	27	0.1	23	2	25	0.1
SCHUYLKILL	72	5	77	0.3	94	8	102	0.3
SNYDER	42	2	44	0.2	59	6	65	0.2
SOMERSET SULLIVAN	103	3 1	106 6	0.4 0.0	108 7	2	110	0.3
SUSQUEHANNA	42	2	44	0.0	60		7	0.0
TIOGA	74	5	79	0.3	73	7	67 77	0.2 0.2
UNION	29	1	30	0.1	33	3	77 36	0.2 0,1
VENANGO	98	4	102	0.4	118	7	125	0.4
WARREN	49	1	50	0.2	68	1	69	0.2
WASHINGTON	143	6	149	0.5	169	13	182	0.6
WAYNE	52	2	54	0.2	58	. 4	62	0.2
WESTMORELAND	304	5	309	1.1	331	7	338	1.0
WYOMING	38	2	40	0,1	42	2	44	0.1
YORK	664	40 0	704	2.5	750	42	792	2.4
OTHER NO DATA	0 112	0 0	0 112	0.0 0.4	71 0	9	71	0.2
TOTAL	26,980	1,322	28,302	100.0	30,908	0 1,502	0 32,410	0.0 100.0

TABLE 14: COMPARISION OF CIVILIAN POPULATION AND INCARCERATION RATES FOR 1994 AND 1995

COUNTY		1995 CIVILIAN	1995 RATE PER	1995	1994 CIVILIAN	1994 RATE PER	1994
		POPULATION*	100,000*	RANK	POPULATION	100,000	RANK
PHILADELPHIA	00.000000000000000000000000000000000000	1,498,971	869.7	1	1,524,338	762.8	1
DAUPHIN		246,338	456.3	2	245,561	382.4	2
ERIE FOREST		280,460	422.9	3	280,318	347.8	3
ALLEGHENY		5,001 1,309,821	359.9 315.8		4,812 1,320,704	290.9 274.2	4 5
LYCOMING		120,194	294.5	. 6	120,939	256.3	. 6
BERKS		349,583	275.8	7	347,625	238.2	7
LEHIGH		297,838	229	.8	297,876	180.9	1:5
FAYETTE FULTON	08000000000000	146,827 14,362	228.2 222.8	9	146,534 14,262	201.3	9
MERECR		122,254	221.7	11	122,160	231.4 194.8	∴8 11
YORK		362,793	218.3	⊗ 12	357,807	196.8	10
VENANGO		59,057	211.7	13	59,211	172.3	18
NORTHUMBERLAND		96,260	208.8	14	95,732	188	13
LAWRENCE DELAWARE		96,604 548,708	207.0 195.7	15 16	96,580 548,366	182.2 166.1	14 20
FRANKLIN	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	126,444	195.3	17	125,998	164.3	20
TIOGA		41,534	185.4	18	41,894	188.6	12
GREENE		41,114	184.9	19	40,169	139.4	24
PERRY		43,531	181.5	20	43,117	169.3	19
CLEARFIELD SNYDER		79,724 37,845	176.9 164.8	21 22	79,397 37,699	173.8 116.7	16 36
CRAWFORD		89,173	164.8	23	87,984	140.9	23
LANCASTER		447,521	160.7	24	442,679	132.4	30
SUSQUEHANNA	3	41,800	160.3	25	41,529	106	40
CAMERON		5,707	157.7	26	5,783	172.9	17
WARREN LEBANON	*********	44,928 116,789	153.6 153.3	27 38 28	45,062 116,477	111	39 28
MONTGOMERY		705,178	151.9	29	700,308	133.1 130.1	28 32
LACKAWANNA		215,688	150.7	30	216,007	132,9	29
WYOMI NG	1690000p1000000	29,316	150.1	31	29,353	136.3	25
POTTER		17,090	146.3	32	17,061	158.3	22
MIFFLIN CHESTER	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	47,066 404,945	144.5 144.0	33 34	47,011	134	27
WAYNE		44,070	140.7	35	397,307 43,111	122,3 125.3	35 34
BRADFORD	****	62,260	138.1	36	62,056	125.7	33
BEAVER	dan saraja dan ajara	187,979	137.8	37	188,297	116.3	37
SOMERSET		80,113	137.3	38	79,030	134.1	26
BLAIR MONTOUR	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	131,647 18,223	125.3 120.7	39 40	131,819	112.3	38
CAMBRIA		160,531	119.0	41	18,218 160,729	131.7 102	31 42
MCKEAN		* 48,503	117.5	42	48,529	82.4	53
SULLIVAN		6,184	113.2	43	6,088	98.6	43
CLINTON		37,215	112.9	44	37,435	96.2	44
HUNTIGDON MONROE	***********	44,933 116,091	111.3 109.4	45 46	44,529 112,111	87.6 103.5	49 41
PIKE		36,852	108.5	47	35,489	90.2	46
CENTRE	***	131,968	108.4	48	129,833	88.6	47
CUMBERLAND		205,959	102.0	49	204,612	87	51
INDIANA		90,604	100.4	50	90,638	88.3	48
NORTHAMPTON	300000000000000000000000000000000000000	256,796 74,569	97.0 92.5	51 52	255,007	87.4	50
ARMSTRONG CARBON		58,832	91.8	52 53	74,599 58,869	72,4 86.6	58 52
ELK	0600000000	35,125	91.1	⇒ 54	35,173	91	45
WESTMORELAND		376,501	89.8	55	376,446	82.1	54
UNION		40,928	88.0	₆₈ 56	37,298	80.4	55
WASHINGTON		208,017	87.5	57	208,119	71.6	59
JEFFERSON CLARION		46,620 42,338	85.8 85.0	58 59	46,615 42,123	70,8 49.9	61 67
BUCKS		573,901	84,9	60	567,238	77.2	56
BUTLER		165,557	79.7	61	161,890	71	60
ADAMS		83,998	75.0	62	83,458	68.3	62
LUZERNE	*	326,063	73.0	63	327,726	64.1	63
COLUMBIA		64,492 21,701	72,9 69.1	64 65	63,897 21,450	61 74.6	64 57
JUNIATA BEDFORD		49,192	69.1	66	48,984	74.6 59.2	65
SCHUYKILL		153,616	66.4	67	153,351	50.2	66
TOTAL		12,071,842	268.5	\$765.000 (all all all all all all all all all al	12,052,427	234.8	

TABLE 15: INMATE POPULATION VERSUS INSTITUTIONAL CAPACITY FROM 1985 TO 1995

YEAR	NUMBER OF INMATES	CAPACITY	PERCENT OF CAPACITY
1985	14,260	10,742	132.7
1986	15,227	11,048	137.8
1987	16,302	12,447	131.0
1988	17,929	12,972	138.2
1989	20,490	13,825	148.2
1990	22,325	14,338	155.7
1991	23,405	15,795	148.2
1992	24,990	16,713	149.5
1993	26,060	18,844	138.3
1994	28,302	*19,370	146.1
1995	32,410	20,970	154.1

^{*}CAPACITY REPORTED IN 1994 STATISTICAL REPORT IS DIFFERENT DUE TO CHANGE IN CAPACITY DEFINITION, JULY 1995.

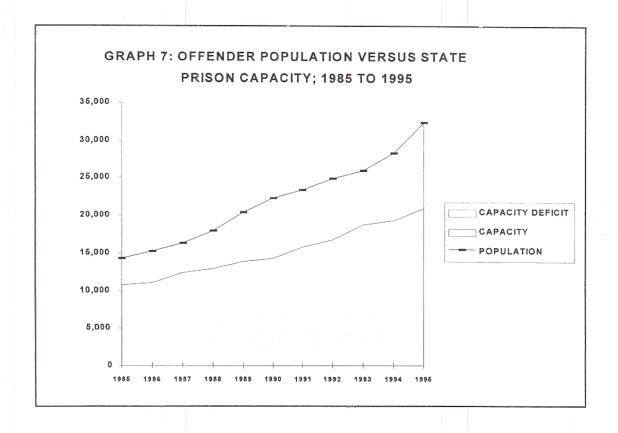


		TABLE 16	MONTH-EN	D POPULATI	ON FROM JA	NUARY, 1988	TO DECEM	IBER, 1995			
MONTH	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
JAN	13,294	14,405	15,248	16,498	18,090	20,739	22,448	23,624	25,015	26,103	28,554
FEB	13,435	14,472	15,314	16,620	18,228	21,034	22,531	23,833	25,182	26,425	28,850
MAR	13,483	14,685	15,518	16,850	18,506	21,318	22,565	24,019	25,149	26,413	29,024
APR	13,619	14,782	15,634	17,041	18,668	21,508	22,603	24,141	25,308	26,618	29,192
MAY	13,722	14,951	15,743	17,094	18,946	21,730	22,658	24,284	25,449	26,798	29,386
JUN	13,834	15,055	15,910	17,268	19,369	21,911	22,726	24,364	25,598	27,082	29,844
JUL	13,880	15,120	16,005	17,382	19,611	22,000	22,799	24,448	25,792	27,152	30,341
AUG	13,989	15,051	16,019	17,441	19,776	22,091	22,895	24,515	25,855	27,365	30,789
SEP	14,069	15,088	16,125	17,644	20,001	22,232	23,035	24,670	26,010	27,622	31,235
ост	14,151	15,295	16,204	17,736	20,198	22,388	22,375	24,794	26,099	27,823	31,935
NOV	14,292	15,315	16,203	17,833	20,382	22,443	23,321	24,916	26,116	28,053	32,203
DEC	14,260	15,227	16,302	17,929	20,490	22,325	23,405	24,990	26,060	28,302	32,410

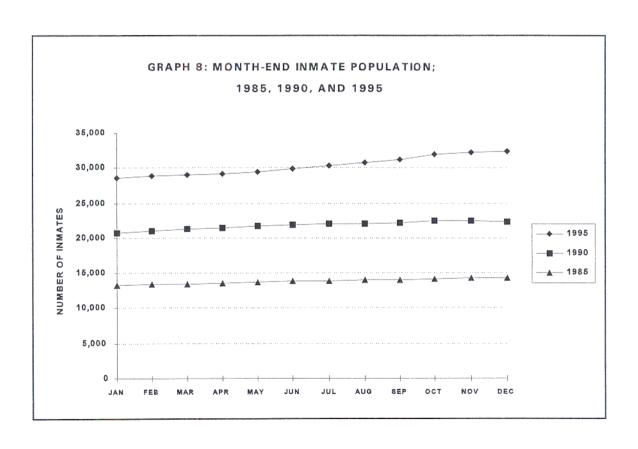


TABLE 17: INMATE POPULATION ON DECEMBER 31, 1994 BY FACILITY, RACE, SEX AND AGE

		R	ACE		SI	EX I		AGE	en e	Maria de la composición dela composición de la composición de la composición de la composición dela composición dela composición dela composición de la composición dela
FACILITY	WHITE	BLACK	HISPANIC	OTHER	MALE	FEMALE	< 25	25-39	> 40	TOTAL
ALBION	411	379	35	9	834	0	180	452	202	834
CAMBRIDGE SPRINGS	181	181	38	2	0	402	39	226	137	402
CAMP HILL	1,117	1,590	362	15	3,084	0	947	1,657	480	3.084
COAL TWP.	280	612	165	5	1,062	0	295	572	195	1,062
CRESSON	625	530	47	6	1,208	0	166	713	329	1,208
DALLAS	623	1,094	202	4	1,923	0	152	1,071	700	1,923
FRACKVILLE	367	550	106	4	1,027	0	230	626	171	1,027
GRATERFORD	539	2,636	317	11	3,503	0	591	1,962	950	3,503
GREENE CTY.	324	602	26	1	953	0	142	582	229	953
GREENSBURG	233	502	29	4	768	0	234	413	121	768
HUNTINGDON	744	1,132	121	6	2,003	o l	226	1,167	610	2,003
MAHANOY	210	527	137	12	886	0	180	519	187	886
MERCER	436	413	46	3	898	0	123	517	258	898
MUNCY	288	495	65	4	0	852	94	555	203	852
PITTSBURGH	505	1,045	41	5	1,596	0	247	845	504	1,596
QUEHANNA	29	44	7	0	77	3	51	29	007	80
RETREAT	269	421	143	4	837	0	160	542	135	837
ROCKVIEW	888	1,099	142	25	2,154	0	312	1,245	597	2,154
SMITHFIELD	325	659	151	6	1,141	0	284	700	157	1,141
SOMERSET	378	571	59	1.0	1,009	0	262	555	192	1,009
WAYMART	324	409	267	7	1,007	0	133	573	301	1,007
WAYNESBURG	131	139	24	888888888 3 888	295	o l	46	139	110	295
CCC'S*	208	196	52	0	426	30	66	278	112	456
GROUP HOMES	90	158	59	0	272	35	38	186	83	307
FEDERAL PRISONS	5	11	1	0	17	0	2	12	3	17
TOTAL	9,530	15,995	2,642	135	26,980	1,322	5.200	16,136	6,966	28,302
% OF TOTAL	33.7	56.5	9.3	.5	95.3	4.7	18.4	57.0	24.6	100.0

TABLE 18: INMATE POPULATION ON DECEMBER 31, 1995 BY FACILITY, RACE, SEX AND AGE

		R.	ACE		SI	EX		AGE		
FACILITY	WHITE	BLACK	HISPANIC	OTHER	MALE	FEMALE	< 25	25-39	> 40	TOTAL
ALBION	723	884	116	10	1,733	0	412	928	393	1,733
CAMBRIDGE SPRINGS	204	259	57	2	0	522	51	305	166	522
CAMP HILL	1,028	1,397	321	13	2,759	0	789	1,566	404	2,759
COAL TWP.	375	946	239	6	1,566	0	539	771	256	1,566
CRESSON	652	537	56	5	1,250	0	129	749	372	1,250
DALLAS	642	1,051	220	3	1,916	0	144	1,005	767	1,916
FRACKVILLE	368	537	121	5	1,031	0	214	638	179	1,031
GRATERFORD	545	2,642	300	11	3,498	0	485	1,942	1,071	3,498
GREENE CTY.	377	944	72	5	1,398	0	444	776	178	1,398
GREENSBURG	340	587	28	8	963	0	120	578	265	963
HUNTINGDON	755	1,189	156	7	2,107	0	269	1,159	679	2,107
MAHANOY	414	1,059	251	11	1,735	0	443	1,014	278	1,735
MERCER	510	446	62	5	1,023	0	98	600	325	1,023
MUNCY	322	504	55	2	0	883	97	575	211	883
PITTSBURGH	428	986	40	5	1,459	0	174	834	451	1,459
QUEHANNA	42	82	10	0	131	3	79	55	0	134
RETREAT	295	425	148	7	875	0	127	553	195	875
ROCKVIEW	881	1,084	148	27	2,140	0	276	1,201	663	2,140
SMITHFIELD	352	730	134	5	1,221	0	309	746	166	1,221
SOMERSET	598	970	149	4	1,721	0	455	921	345	1,721
WAYMART	423	473	256	9	1,161	0	162	630	369	1,161
WAYNESBURG	206	184	39	3	432	0	61	205	166	432
ccc's*	210	200	41	3	417	37	55	276	123	454
GROUP HOMES	122	238	55	0	358	57	83	221	111	415
FEDERAL PRISONS	5	8	1	0	14	0	2	9	3	14
TOTAL	10,817	18,362	3,075	156	30,908	1,502	6,017	18,257	8,136	32,410
% OF TOTAL *=COMMUNITY CORRECT	33.4 IONS CENTER	56.6 S	9.5	0.5	95.4	4.6	18.6	56.3	25.1	100.0

TABLE 19: UNIFORM CRIME REPORT OFFENSE GROUPINGS, BY OFFENDER RACE AND SEX AS OF DECEMBER 31, 1995

		<u>R</u>	ACE		SE	<u>X</u>		
PART I OFFENSE	WHITE	BLACK	HISPANIC	OTHER	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	PERCENT OF TOTAL
HOMICIDE	1,587	3,154	394	46	4,893	288	5,181	16.0
INVOL. MANSLAUGHTER	34	33	6	1	64	10	74	0.2
HOMICIDE BY MOTOR VEHICLE	157	27	4	2	170	20	190	0.6
RAPE	1,562	1,174	132	20	2,854	34	2,888	8.9
ROBBERY	756	3,040	227	34	3,974	83	4,057	12.5
AGG. ASSAULT	735	1,539	193	10	2,342	135	2,477	7.6
BURGLARY	988	889	104	8	1,961	28	1,989	6.1
THEFT-LARCENY	326	421	33	2	637	145	782	2,4
ARSON	128	57	11	1	178	19	197	0.6
TOTAL PART I OFFENSE	6,273	10,334	1,104	124	17,073	762	17,835	55.0
		<u>R</u>	ACE		SEX			
PART II OFFENSES	WHITE	BLACK	HISPANIC	OTHER	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	PERCENT OF TOTAL
OTHER ASSAULTS	178	124	14	0	303	§ 13	316	1.0
FORGERY	113	69	4	0	148	38	186	0.6
FRAUD	87	35	3	0	105	20	125	0.4
STOLEN PROPERTY	158	277	29	0	458	6	464	1.4
STATUTORY RAPE	118	29	9	0	151	5	156	0.5
WEAPONS	29	96	8	2	135	0	135	0.4
NARCOTIC DRUG LAWS	943	3,020	1,374	12	4,978	371	5,349	16.5
DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE	171	10	2	2	176	9	185	0.6
OTHER SEX OFFENSES	169	40	8	1	216	2	218	0.7
PRISON BREACH	87	65	15	0	165	2	167	0.5
KIDNAPPING	61	65	10	1	133	4	137	0.4
OTHER PART II OFFENSES	776	487	90	5	1,281	77	1,358	4.2
TOTAL PART II OFFENSES	2,890	4,317	1,566	23	8,249	547	8,796	27.2
PAROLE VIOLATORS	1,644	3,710	399	9	5,569	193	5,762	17.8
UNKNOWN	10	1	6	0	17	0	17	-
TOTAL INMATES	9,173	14,652	2,676	147	25,339	1,309	26,648	82.2



TABLE 20: STATUS OF INMATES ON DECEMBER 31, 1985 TO 1995

STATUS	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
SENTENCED	11,837	12,662	13,457	14,506	16,860	19,221	20,312	21,524	22,185	23,799	26,643
PAROLE											
VIOLATORS	2,352	2,521	2,798	3,297	3,565	3,064	3,039	3,432	3,833	4,493	5,762
DETENTIONERS	23	13	22	24	22	25	12	10	10	8	5
UNKNOWN	48	31	25	102	43	15	42	24	32	2	0
TOTAL	14,260	15,227	16,302	17,929	20,490	22,325	23,405	24,990	26,060	28,302	32,410
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
SENTENCED	83.0	83.2	82.5	80.9	82.3	86.1	86.8	86.1	85.2	84.1	82.2
PAROLE											92.2
VIOLATORS	16.5	16.6	17.2	18.4	17.4	13.7	13.0	13.7	14,7	15.9	17.8
DETENTIONERS	0.2		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	*		*	*	**
UNKNOWN	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	*	0
TOTAL	100.0	100	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

^{* =} LESS THAN 0.1%

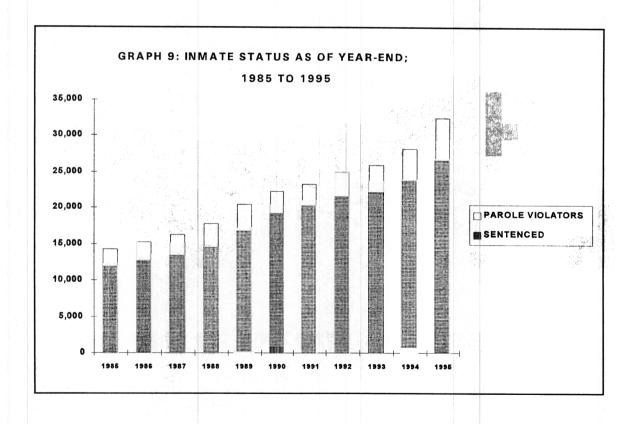


TABLE 21: INMATES BY OFFENSE ON DECEMBER 31, 1994 AND 1995 WITH AVERAGE SENTENCE LENGTH FOR 1995

	199	DECEMBE	R 31, 1994	DECEMBER 31, 1995			
PART I OFFENSES	+ AVERAGE MINIMUM	+ AVERAGE MAXIMUM	NUMBER	*PERCENT OF TOTAL	NUMBER	*PERCENT OF TOTAL	
MURDER			laas anoon sastii oo oo oo			8,000,000,000	
1ST DEGREE	LIFE OR DEATH	LIFE OR DEATH	2,012	8.5	2,110	7.9	
2ND DEGREE	LIFE	LIFE	707	3.0	751	2.8	
3RD DEGREE	10.4	22.9	1,157	4.9	1,286	4.8	
UNSPECIFIED	9.6	20.8	741	3.1	805	3.0	
VOLUNTARY MANSLAUGHTER	5,8	12.3	201	0.8	229	0.9	
INVOLUNTARY MANSLAUGHTER	4.1	9.1	57	0.2	74	0.3	
HOMICIDE BY MOTOR VEHICLE	3.5	7.7	176	0.7	190	0.7	
FORCIBLE RAPE	10.5	21.7	2,681	11.3	2,888	10.8	
ROBBERY	7.4	16.5	3,579	15.0	4,057	15.2	
AGG. ASSAULT	6.1	13.3	2,032	8.5	2,477	9.3	
BURGLARY	5.1	13.5	1,810	7.6	1,989	7.5	
THEFT (INCLUDING MOTOR VEHICLE)	2.4	5.9	765	3.2	782	2.9	
ARSON	5.2	14.2	179	0.8	197	0.7	
TOTAL PART I OFFENSES	7.7	16.7	16,097	67.6	17,835	67.0	
	<u> 1995</u>		DECEMBE	R 31, 1994	DECEMBER 31, 1995		
PART II OFFENSES	+ AVERAGE MINIMUM	+ AVERAGE MAXIMUM	NUMBER	PERCENT OF TOTAL	NUMBER	PERCENT OF TOTAL	
OTHER ASSAULTS	2.8	6.8	257	1.1	316	1.2	
FRAUD	3.2	7.8	109	0.5	125	0.5	
STOLEN PROPERTY	2.8	6.7	404	1.7	464	1.7	
FORGERY	3.1	8,0	177	0.7	186	0.7	
STATUTORY RAPE	4.2	10.8	149	0.6	156	0.6	
OTHER SEX OFFENSES	3.6	9.0	188	0.8	218	0.8	
NARCOTIC DRUG OFFENSES	3.4	7.3	4,811	20.2	5,349	20.1	
WEAPONS	2.9	6.7	126	0.5	135	0.5	
DRUNKEN DRIVING	1.3	2.9	138	0.6	185	0.7	
PRISON BREACH	3.1	6.8	138	0.6	167	0.6	
KIDNAPPING	10.5	23.3	114	0.5	137	0.8	
OTHER PART II OFFENSES	5,8	10.1	1,088	4.6	1,358	5.1	
TOTAL PART II OFFENSES	3.7	8.0	7,699	32.4	8,796	33.0	
TOTAL PART I AND II OFFENSES	6.1	13.3	23,796	107.2	26,631	100.0	
PAROLE VIOLATORS	<u> </u>		4,493	-	5,762		
UNKNOWN	-	•	13		17	23	
TOTAL DOC		24422.000.00000000000000000000000000000	28,302		32,410		

^{* =} MAY EXCEED 100% DUE TO ROUNDING

^{+ =} AVERAGE SENTENCE LENGTH REPORTED IN YEARS

TABLE 22: DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE OF INMATES ON DECEMBER 31, 1994 AND 1995

PTEAN	DECEMBER 31,	1994	DECEMBER 31, 1995		
ITEM	MUMPED	% OF		% OI	
AGE:	NUMBER	TOTAL	NUMBER	TOTAL	
UNDER 18	80		1 30000 S.N. 10014 - 1000 S		
18-20	62	0.2	77	0.2	
21-24	1,084	3.8	1,284	4.0	
25-29	4,054	14.3	4,656	14.4	
30-34	5,654	20.0	6,472	20.0	
35-39	5,814	20.5	6,335	19.8	
40-44	4,668	16.5	5,450	16.8	
45-49	3,226	11.4	3,765	11.6	
50-54	1,894	6.7	2,215	6.8	
55-59	902	3.2	1,058	3.8	
60-64	478	1.7	552	1.7	
65 AND OVER	255	0.9	289	9,0	
AVERAGE	211	0.8	257	0.8	
	34	•	34		
RACE: WHITE	9500 District Patricts of Control of the Control				
	9,530	33.7	10,817	33,4	
BLACK	15,995	56.5	18,362	56.7	
HISPANIC	2,642	9.3	3,075	9.5	
OTHERS	135	0.5	156	0.5	
SEX:					
MALE	26,980	95.3	30,908	95.4	
FEMALE	1,322	4.7	1,502	4.6	
MARITAL STATUS:			N		
SINGLE	18,845	66.8	21,692	67.1	
MARRIED	5,195	18.4	5,700	17.6	
DIVORCED	2,429	8.6	2,899	9.0	
SEPARATED	1,403	5.0	1,620	5.0	
WIDOWED	340	1.2	404	1.3	
UNKNOWN	90	-	95	-	
BIRTHPLACE:					
PA	21,052	74.5	24,099	74,5	
USA, NOT PA	6,489	23.0	7,416	22.9	
FOREIGN BORN	701	2.5	846	2.6	
UNKNOWN	60	-	49	-	
RELIGION:					
CATHOLIC	6,061	21.4	6,756	20.8	
PROTESTANT	11,040	39.0	12,195	37.6	
JEWISH	130	0.5	5,435	16.8	
MOSLEM	4,478	15.8	147	0.5	
OTHER	3,230	11.4	4,054	12.5	
NO PREFERENCE	3,361	11.9	3,818	11.8	
UNKNOWN	2		5	11.0	
TOTAL STATE PRISON POPULATION	28,302	100.0	32,410	100.0	

TABLE 23: LONG-TERM INMATES ON DECEMBER 31, 1994 AND 1995

	DECEME	BER 31	CHANGE FROM	1994 TO 1995
MINIMUM SENTENCE:	1994	1995	NUMBER	PERCENT
OVER 10 TO 20 YEARS	1,774	1,973	199	11.2
OVER 20 YEARS	516	567	51	9.9
LIFERS	2,806	2,973	167	6.0
CAPITAL CASES	179	198	19	10.6
TOTAL	5,275	5,711	436	8.3
PERCENT OF TOTAL POPULATION	18.6	17.6		

TABLE 24: NUMBER OF INMATES BY FACILITY SERVING LIFE ON DECEMBER 31, 1994 AND 1995

INSTITUTION	DECEMB	ER 31	PERCENT O	F TOTAL	PERCENT CHANGE	
	1994	1995	1994	1995	OJIANGE	
ALBION	45	60	1.6	2.0	33.3	
CAMP HILL	141	112	5.0	3.8	-20.6	
COAL TOWNSHIP	89	140	3.2	4.7	57.3	
CRESSON		22	Ť	0.7		
DALLAS	432	407	15.4	13.7	5.8	
FRACKVILLE	54	78	1,9	2.6	44.4	
GRATERFORD	729	724	26.0	24.4	-0.7	
GREENE COUNTY	73	150	2,6	5.0	105.5	
HUNTINGDON	510	481	18.2	16.2	-5.7	
MAHANOY	102	145	3.6	4,9	42.2	
MUNCY	115	124	4.1	4.2	7.8	
PITTSBURGH	289	261	10.3	8.8	9.7	
ROCKVIEW	120	120	4.3	4.0	0.0	
SMITHFIELD	-	52	Ť	1.7		
SOMERSET	56	76	2.0	2.6	35.7	
OTHER*	51	21	1,8	0.7	58.8	
TOTAL	2,806	2,973	100.0	100.0	6.0	

^{* =} REPRESENTS THOSE INSTITUTIONS WITH LESS THAN FIFTEEN LIFERS

TABLE 25: TEN HIGHEST COUNTIES WITH INMATES SERVING LIFE

COUNTY	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	AVERAGE	PERCENT OF TOTAL
PHILADELPHIA	741	826	890	1,008	1,080	1,189	1,279	1,383	1,471	1,564	1,637	1,188	55.0
ALLEGHENY	141	151	166	182	184	187	203	212	225	249	270	197	9.1
DAUPHIN	68	69	70	70	73	77	79	В3	85	93	95	78	3.6
DELAWARE	56	56	60	65	67	71	74	80	78	89	97	72	3.3
BUCKS	36	40	46	50	51	53	56	63	66	71	73	5.5	2.5
YORK	37	35	38	43	44	51	52	56	56	55	59	48	2.2
CHESTER	27	30	33	36	37	41	44	45	45	47	50	40	1.9
LANCASTER	20	20	21	21	23	30	32	32	42	48	56	31	1.4
MONTGOMERY	19	20	23	26	30	33	33	33	34	39	46	31	1.4
BERKS	23	23	23	25	26	29	31	32	35	38	44	30	1.4
OTHER COUNTIES	261	274	304	332	349	378	408	440	477	513	546	389	18.0
TOTAL	1,429	1,544	1,674	1,858	1,964	2,139	2,291	2,459	2,614	2,806	2,973	2,159	100.0

TABLE 26: AGE OF INMATES SERVING A LIFE SENTENCE ON DECEMBER 31, 1994 AND 1995

	DI	ECEMBER 31, 1994	DECEMBER 31, 1995			
AGE	NUMBER	PERCENT OF TOTAL	CUMULATIVE PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT OF TOTAL	CUMULATIVE PERCENT
UNDER 20	45	1.6	1.6	50	1.7	1.7
20 TO 24	269	9.6	11.2	285	9.6	11.3
25 TO 29	338	12.0	23.2	367	12.3	23.6
30 TO 34	510	18.2	41.4	476	16.0	39.6
35 TO 39	498	17.7	59.1	543	18.3	57.9
40 TO 44	444	15.8	74.9	455	15.3	73.2
45 TO 49	327	11.7	86.6	371	12.5	85.7
50 TO 54	186	6.6	93.2	215	7.2	92.9
55 TO 59	90	3.2	96.4	107	3.6	96.5
60 TO 64	53	1.9	98.3	51	1.7	98.2
65 AND OVER	46	1.6	100.0	63	1.8	100.0
TOTAL	2,806	100.0	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	2,973	100.0	
MEDIAN AGE	37.4			37.8		
AVERAGE AGE	38.2			38.6		

TABLE 27: TIME SERVED BY LIFERS ON DECEMBER 31, 1994 AND 1995

	19	94	<u>199</u>	5
TIME SERVED	NUMBER	*PERCENT OF TOTAL	NUMBER	*PERCENT OF TOTAL
UNDER 5 YEARS	716	25.5	744	25.0
5 TO 9.9 YEARS	644	23.0	725	24.4
10 TO 14.9 YEARS	653	23.3	630	21.2
15 TO 19.9 YEARS	430	15.3	439	14.8
20 TO 24.9 YEARS	255	9.1	287	9.7
25 TO 29.9 YEARS	81	2.9	118	4.0
30 TO 34.9 YEARS	19	0.7	21	0.7
35 TO 39.9 YEARS	∂ 2	0.1	3	0.1
40 YEARS AND OVER	6	0.2	6	0.2
TOTAL	2,806	100.0	2,973	100.0
MEDIAN (YEARS)	10.39		11.1	-
AVERAGE (YEARS)	11.22	• 1	12.0	

TABLE 28: PROFILE OF INMATES UNDER DEATH SENTENCE ON DECEMBER 31, 1994 AND 1995

	DECEMBE	R 31, 1994	DECEMBER 31, 1995		
CATEGORY	NUMBER	PERCENT OF TOTAL*	NUMBER	PERCENT OF TOTAL*	
COUNTY			TI SA SIGNOTON A		
PHILADELPHIA	101	56.4	113	57.4	
ALLEGHENY	5	2.8	7	3.6	
BUCKS	4	2.2	5	2.5	
DELAWARE	4	2.2	5	2.5	
LUZERNE	4	2.2	5	2.5	
MONTGOMERY	6	3.4	5	2.5	
BERKS	4	2.2	4	2.0	
ERIE	5	2.8	4	2.0	
LACKAWANNA	2	1,1	4	2.0	
WASHINGTON	4	2.2	4	2.0	
YORK	3	1.7	4	2.0	
OTHER COUNTIES	37	20.8	37	18.9	
AGE		227.003	250	7,500	
20-24	15	8.4	11:	5.6	
25-29	25	14.0	33	16.8	
30-34	38	21.2	41	20.8	
35-39	43	24.0	48	24.4	
40-44	24	13.4	27	13.7	
45-49	18	10.1	20	10.2	
50-54	13	7.3	13	6.6	
55-OVER	3	1.7	4	2.0	
AVERAGE	38.2		38.5		
RACE					
WHITE	60	33.5	65	33.0	
BLACK	109	60.9	122	61.5	
HISPANIC	8	4.5	В	4.	
OTHER	2	1.1	2	1.0	
SEX					
MALE	176	98.3	193	98.0	
FEMALE	3	1.7	4	2.0	
TOTAL	179	100.0	197	100.0	

[&]quot;- MAY EXCEED 100% BECAUSE OF ROUNDING

Releases

Section 4

Section 4: Releases

1995

The total number of releases decreased by 14.4% from 1994 to 1995, from 8,481 to 7,263.

The average time served for all sentences increased by 12.6% from 1994 to 1995 from 49.2 months to 55.4 months.

The average time served for Part One offenders released in 1995 was 65.4 months, while Part Two offenders served 35.4 months.

The average time served for narcotic drug offenders released during 1995 was 33.1 months.

The rate of paroles granted by the Pennsylvania Board of Probation and Parole decreased 13% from 66.5% in 1994 to 53.5% in 1995.

The number of conditional releases decreased by 22.7%, from 7,244 in 1994 to 5,598 in 1995.

The number of unconditional releases increased by 34.7% from 808 in 1994 to 1,088 in 1995.

Highlight

TABLE 29: AVERAGE TIME SERVED BY OFFENSE FOR INMATES RELEASED DURING 1995

PART I OFFEN	SES	12/31/95 NUMBER*	AVERAGE TIME SERVED (MONTHS)	PERCENT OF TOTA
MURDER		0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	Service Interesting	
	1ST DEGREE	33	171.17	0.74
	2ND DEGREE	12	166,25	0.2
	3RD DEGREE	74	122.12	1,61
	UNSPECIFIED	29	66.68	0.69
VOLUNTARY MANSLAUGHTER		23	56.35	0.5
INVOLUNTARY MANSLAUGHTER		12	35.99	0.2
HOMICIDE BY MOTOR VEHICLE		34	39.91	0.76
FORCIBLE RAPE		186	89.26	4.14
ROBBERY		505	69.47	11,2
AGG. ASSAULT		264	55.91	5.88
BURGLARY		432	55.94	9.6
THEFT (INCLUDING MOTOR VEHICLE)		308	40.81	6.8
ARSON		37	69.40	0.8
TOTAL PART I OFFENSES		1,949	65.39	43.43
PART II OFFEN:	PART II OFFENSES		AVERAGE TIME SERVED (MONTHS)	PERCENT OF TOTAL
OTHER ASSAULTS		B4	45.16	1.87
FRAUD		41	28.47	0.9
STOLEN PROPERTY		158	39.60	3.5
FORGERY		75	41.39	1.63
STATUTORY RAPE		18	61.21	0.40
OTHER SEX OFFENSES		40	42.62	0,89
NARCOTIC DRUG OFFENSES		1,697	33.06	37.80
WEAPONS		41	37.88	0.9
DRUNKEN DRIVING		98	19.39	2.11
PRISON BREACH		39	53.89	0.8
KIDNAPPING		11	88.27	0.25
OTHER PART II OFFENSES		238	42.19	5.30
TOTAL PART II OFFENSES	1.14	2,540	35.36	56.58
TOTAL PART I AND II OFFE	NSES	4,489	48.40	100,0
PAROLE VIOLATORS		1,207		
UNKNOWN				
TOTAL DOC		5,696	55.40	

TABLE 30: RELEASES BY TYPE FOR 1994 AND 1995

TYPE OF RELEASE	1994	PERCENT OF TOTAL	1995	PERCENT OF TOTAL
UNCONDITIONAL				
MAXED OUT	751	8.9	1,022	14.1
EXECUTED		-	2	• •
BY COURT ORDER	57	0.7	64	0.9
TOTAL	808	9.6	1,088	15.0
CONDITIONAL				
STATE PAROLE	5,250	61.9	3,704	51.0
COUNTY PAROLE	23	0.3	22	0.3
REPAROLED (STATE)	1,971	23.2	1,872	25.8
 TOTAL	7,244	85.4	5,598	77.1
DEATHS	102	1.2	122	1.7
OTHER***	327	3.9	455	6.3
TOTAL RELEASES	8,481	100.0*	7,263	100.0*

^{*} = MAY EXCEED 100% DUE TO ROUNDING ** = LESS THAN 1% *** OTHERS INCLUDE TRANSFERS TO STATE HOSPITALS AND OTHER JURISDICTIONS

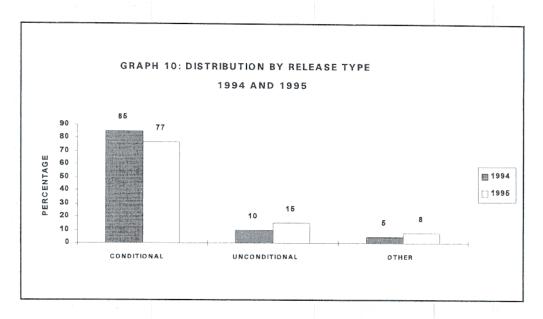
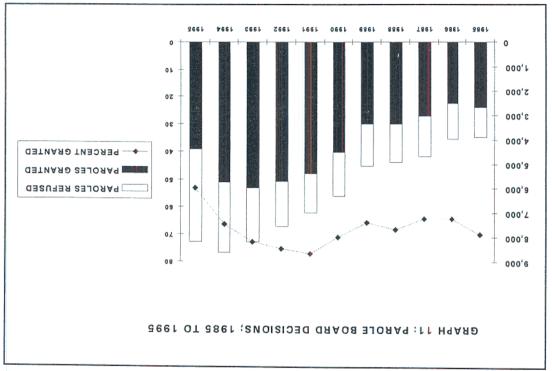


TABLE 31: PAROLING ACTIONS BY THE PENUSYLVANIA BOARD OF PROBATION AND PAROLE 1985 TO 1995*

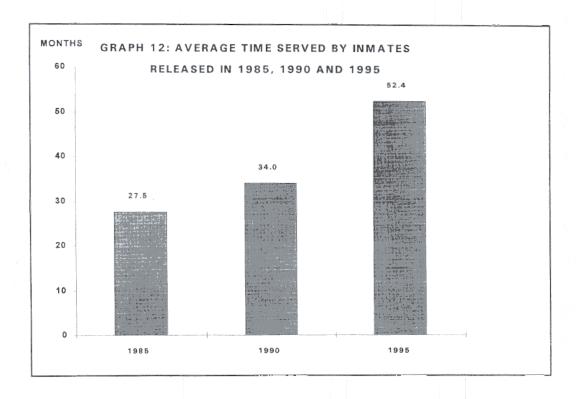
PERCENT GRANTED	JATOT SNOITDA	PAROLES REFUSED	S3JORA9 G3TNARD	YEAR
6.69	198'8	1,162	5,699	9861
6.49	3,949	014,1	689'7	9861
5.49	989′⊅	999'l	1,00,5	Z861
4.89	026′⊅	ا'994	3,363	8861
8.39	2,100	347,1	3,355	686 L
2,17	6,323	818,1	4,505	066 L
0.77	310,7	⊅ 19′1	104,8	1661
3.37	083,7	1,858	227,22	766 L
0.87	8,193	2,211	786'9	1993
9.99	099'8	868'7	297,8	766 L
3.63	961'8	3,813	4,382	1995



* = INFORMATION FOR THIS TABLE WAS PROVIDED BY THE PENUSYLVANIA BOARD OF PROBATION AND PAROLE. THE NUMBER OF PAROLES GRANTED AND THE NUMBER RELEASED DO NOT MATCH DUE TO ISSUES REGARDING PROCESSING INMATES OUT OF PAROLES GRANTED AND THE NUMBER O

TABLE 32: AVERAGE MONTHS SERVED BY INMATES RELEASED IN 1985, 1990 AND 1995

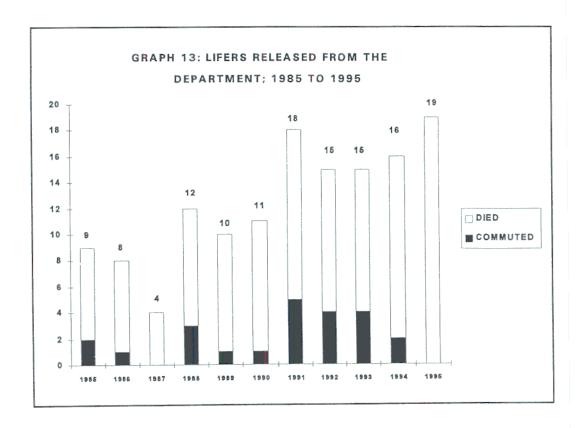
		M SENTENCE 2 YEARS	MAXIMUM OVER 2		ALL SENTENCES		
YEAR RELEASED	NUMBER PAROLED	AVERAGE MONTHS SERVED	NUMBER PAROLED	AVERAGE MONTHS SERVED	*TOTAL RELEASES	AVERAGE MONTHS SERVED	
1985	967	8.5	2,597	34.5	4,067	27.5	
1990	41	7.5	3,663	31.5	4,657	34.0	
1995	21	7.2	5,179	52.4	5,391	52.4	



*DOES NOT INCLUDE REPAROLES.

TABLE 33: LIFERS RELEASED FROM 1985 TO 1995

YEAR					
RELEASED		C	DMMUTED	DIED	TOTAL
1985			2	7	9
1986			1	7	8
1987			0	4	4
1988			3	9	12
1989			1	9	10
1990			1	10	11
1991			5	13	18
1992			4	11	15
1993			4	11	15
1994			2	14	16
1995			0	19	19
TOTAL			23	114	137
AVERAGE 1	TIME				
SERVED (Y	EARS)		23.7	13.1	14.8



Miscellaneous

Section 5

TABLE 34: NUMBER OF BREACH ESCAPES FROM 1985 TO 1995 BY FACILITY

SCI	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
ALBION		4							0	0	0
CAMBRIDGE SPRINGS		Test let	0.00		100			0	0	0	0
CAMP HILL	0	0	0	1	0	0	0.	1	0	0	0
COAL TOWNSHIP		-		18					0	0	0
CRESSON		- 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DALLAS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
FRACKVILLE			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GRATERFORD	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
GREENE				All -	101	Villa -				0	0
GREENSBURG	1	2	0	1 1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
HUNTINGDON	2	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAHANOY	-	-	- 2	Books		100	1 2	- 12	0	0	- 0
MERCER	2	2	0	0	- 0	0	0	0.	0	0	0
MUNCY	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	.0
PITTSBURGH	0	1	0	E 1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
QUEHANNA				100		100		0	0	0	0
RETREAT			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ROCKVIEW	0	- 1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOMERSET		- 4		El-	IE.	- FET -		1.0	0	0	0
SMITHFIELD				- 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WAYNESBURG	0	0	0	0	0	0	1.	0	0	0	0
WAYMART			1	AS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	7	8	3	3	5	2	1	2	0	2	0

TABLE 35: NUMBER OF WALK AWAY ESCAPES FROM 1985 TO 1995 BY FACILITY

SCI	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
ALBION	-	- 2							0	0	0
CAMBRIDGE SPRINGS	240		181	Sec.	-	*		0	0	0	- 1
CAMP HILL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	- 1
COAL TOWNSHIP				11	THE STATE OF THE S				0	1	0
CRESSON	141		1	2	2	0	0	0	1	0	0
DALLAS	3	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
FRACKVILLE		1.0	1	- 0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
GRATERFORD	7	4	9	5	1	1	3	1	0	4	1
GREENE	180			E2 11	m - 1			7		0	1
GREENSBURG	1	3	2	1	1	2	2	4	0	0	0
HUNTINGDON	2	0	2	E 1	2	0	2	0	1	0	0
MAHAHNOY	-	-					-		0	0	.0
MERCER	1	0	1	- 0	3	3	0	0	0	1	0
MUNCY	1	3	0	0	2	0	0	1.	0	0	. 0
PITTSBURGH	3	2	3	5	6.0	1	1.	0	2	2	0
QUEHANNA			116	-	400	100		0	0	0	0
RETREAT	22		0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0
ROCKVIEW	4	3	2	5	1	4	2	8	4	4	1
SOMERSET				House					0	0	0
SMITHFIELD			1	0	ō	0	0	0	0	0	0
WAYNESBURG	0	1	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1
WAYMART			1005		0	.0	0	0	0	1	0
SUB-TOTAL	22	18	23	20	19	15	12	15	9	14	6
CCCs	45	51	51	43	36	43	36	60	54	64	69
TOTAL	67	69	74	63	- 55	58	48	75	63	78	75

TABLE 34: NUMBER OF BREACH ESCAPES FROM 1985 TO 1995 BY FACILITY

SCI	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
ALBION	100						11/6/2017	11/1/20/20	0	0	0
CAMBRIDGE SPRINGS		1			17 174		100	0	0	0	- 1
CAMP HILL	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	
COAL TOWNSHIP	5.00		- 5-4	-					0	0	0
CRESSON			0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0
DALLAS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
FRACKVILLE	-		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GRATERFORD	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
GREENE						-				0	0
GREENSBURG	1	2	0	1	1	.0	0	0	0	0	0
HUNTINGDON	2	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAHANOY	14	100			100				0	~	0
MERCER	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MUNCY	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
PITTSBURGH	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
QUEHANNA			1400		2			0	0	- 2	0
RETREAT			0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
ROCKVIEW	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOMERSET							· ·	v	0	0	0
SMITHFIELD		11 32 3		0	0	0	0		0	0	0
WAYNESBURG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WAYMART				· ·	0	0			0	0	1
TOTAL	7	8	3	3	5	2	0	0	0	0	0

TABLE 35: NUMBER OF WALK AWAYS FROM 1985 TO 1995 BY FACILITY

SCI	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
ALBION				1.0		+	-		0	0	0
CAMBRIDGE SPRINGS			200				113802	0	- 0	0	0
CAMP HILL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
COAL TOWNSHIP	E 18+5		1				THE PARTY		0	1	0
CRESSON			1	2	2	0	0	0	1	G	0
DALLAS	3	2	0	1	0	0	- 0	0	0	- 1	0
FRACKVILLE			1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
GRATERFORD	7	4	9	- 5	1	1	3	1	0	- 4	1
GREENE	1	-	16	2		-	*			0	1
GREENSBURG	1	3	2	1	1	2	2	4	0	0	0
HUNTINGDON	2	0	2	1	2	0	2	0	1	0	0
MAHAHNOY			1		Table 1	THE SALE		10114	0	0	0
MERCER	1	0	1	0	3	3	0	0	0	1	0
MUNCY	1	3	- 0	0	2	0	0	1	- 0	0	0
PITTSBURGH	3	2	3	5	6	1	1	0	2	2	0
QUEHANNA							10 No.	0	0	0	0
RETREAT			0	0	0	1.	1	1	1	0	0
ROCKVIEW	4	3	2	5	1.	4	2	8	4	4	1
SOMERSET						*			0:	0	0
SMITHFIELD			(4)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WAYNESBURG	0	1	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
WAYMART	7.	10312	- 2		0	0	0	0	0	1	0
SUB-TOTAL	22	18	23	20	19	15	12	15	9	14	4
CCCs	45	51	51	43	36	43	36	60	54	64	69
TOTAL	67	69	74	63	55	58	48	75	63	78	73

TABLE 36: NUMBER OF VICTIM REGISTRATIONS FROM JANUARY 1, 1995 TO DECEMBER 30, 1995

MONTH	NUMBER OF VICTIM REGISTRANTS	% OF TOTAL	MONTH	NUMBER OF VICTIM REGISTRANTS	% OF TOTAL
JANUARY	246	8.2	JULY	266	8.9
FEBRUARY	261	8.7	AUGUST	369	12.3
MARCH	210	7.0	SEPTEMBER	315	10.5
APRIL	128	4.3	OCTOBER	314	10.5
MAY	200	6.7	NOVEMBER	254	8.5
JUNE	200	6.7	DECEMBER	230	7.7
			YEAR END TOTAL	2,993	100.0

TABLE 37: VICTIM NOTIFICATION BY TYPE FROM 1994 AND 1995

	JUNE TO DEC	EMBER 1994	JANUARY TO D	ECEMBER 1995
TYPE OF NOTIFICATION	TOTAL T CASES	OTAL VICTIMS NOTIFIED	TOTAL T	OTAL VICTIMS NOTIFIED
TENTATIVE APPROVAL FOR PRE-RELEASE	137	202	202	291
FINAL APPROVAL FOR PRE-RELEASE	56	73	103	131
DISAPPROVAL FOR PRE-RELEASE	43	85	121	227
CCC BED DATE	19	38	84	125
*OOR START DATE	5	5	10	10
SCHEDULED FURLOUGHS	47	56	58	72
PRE-RELEASE STATUS WITHDRAWN	9	19	15	28
MENTAL HEALTH COMMITMENT	8	12	27	37
ESCAPE	0	0	3	5
DEATH	0	0	7	13
MAX OUT	0	0	18	22
HOSPICE/NURSING HOME	0	0	2	6
MISCELLANEOUS	2	2	99	140

^{*}OPERATION OUTWARD REACH

TABLE 38: NUMBER OF VICTIM COMMENTS RECEIVED FROM JUNE 1994 TO DECEMBER 1994

MONTH	ORAL COMMENTS	%	WRITTEN COMMENTS	%	DID NOT RESPOND	%	TOTAL # OF VICTIMS PROVIDING COMMENTS
JUNE	2	2.8	7	9.1	14	4	9
JULY	2	2.8	8	10.4			10
AUGUST	21	29.6	11	14.3	8	16.3	32
SEPTEMBER	20	28.2	16	20.8	12	24.5	36
OCTOBER	14	19.7	13	16.9	13	26.5	27
NOVEMBER	7	9,9	12	15.6	8	16.3	19
DECEMBER	5	7.0	10	13.0	8	16.3	15
TOTAL	71	100.0	77	100.0	49	100.0	148

TABLE 39: NUMBER OF VICTIM COMMENTS RECEIVED FROM JANUARY 1995 TO DECEMBER 1995

MONTH	ONTH COMMENTS		WRITTEN COMMENTS		DID NOT RESPOND	%	TOTAL # OF VICTIMS PROVIDING COMMENTS
JANUARY	10	10.6	3	2.8	6	6.8	13
FEBRUARY	2	2.1	4	3.7	4	4.5	6
MARCH	11	11.7	11	10.2	6	6.8	22
APRIL	6	6.4	11	10.2	8	9.1	17
MAY	15	16.0	3	2.8	12	13.6	18
JUNE	8	8.5	11	10.2	7	8.0	19
JULY	4	4.3	8	7.4	12	13.6	12
AUGUST	5	6,3	12	1101	3	3.4	17
SEPTEMBER	5	5.3	20	18.5	10	11.4	25
OCTOBER	3	3.2	13	12.0	5	5.7	16
NOVEMBER	9	9.6	9	8.3	2	2.3	18
DECEMBER	16	17.0	3	2.8	13	14.8	19
TOTAL	94	100.0	108	100.0	88	100.0	202

TABLE 40: COMPLEMENT CONTROL BY LOCATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 1995

JOB CLASSIFICATION

sci	STATUS	ADMIN, & CLERICAL	CUST.	TRTMT.	EDUC:	MED.	VOC. & MAINT.	HUMAN SERV	INSP. & INVEST.	IND.	TOTAL
ALBION	FILLED	50	296	25	5	19	3	12	5	6	421
CANADDIDGE	VACANT	3	24	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	31
CAMBRIDGE	FILLED	32	159	13	3	15	2	7	3	E 16	234
SPRINGS	VACANT	2	2	0	0	1	0	0	0		5
CAMP HILL	FILLED	83	609	63	6	40	4	20	6	13	844
mmax man	VACANT	4	77	4	0	3	0	0	2	0	90
COAL TWP	FILLED	50	309	26	4	25	4	11	5	5	439
	VACANT	4	12	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	19
CRESSON	FILLED	37	282	18	4	22	3	10	4	1.1	391
	VACANT	0	3	- 1	0	1	0	0	0	01	6
DALLAS	FILLED	53	458	26	4	25	4	15	8	10	601
	VACANT	3	6	2	.0	1	0	0	0	1	13
FRACKVILLE	FILLED	35	233	13	4	18	2	9	4	0	318
	VACANT	0	23	5	0	2	0	0	0	0	30
GRATERFORD	FILLED	88	795	49	4	40	7	29	7	25	1,044
	VACANT	4	34	2	0	1	0	4	2	- 5	52
GREENE	FILLED	53	418	22	4	19	4	12	5	2	539
	VACANT	3	47	3	1	1	0	1	0	0	56
GREENSBURG	FILLED	33	265	15	3	17	2	5	4	4	338
	VACANT	2	4	1	0	0	0	4	1	-1	13
HOUTZDALE	FILLED	31	140	10	4	18	3	6	3	0	215
	VACANT	6	134	5	1	2	0	8	1	0	157
HUNTINGDON	FILLED	53	435	26	4	26	4	13	5	27	593
	VACANT	1	7	2	0	5	0	3	0	1	19
MAHANOY	FILLED	52	314	26	3	24	4	11	5	5	444
	VACANT	3	7	3	2	3	0	2	0	1	19
MERCER	FILLED	36	239	18	3	18	2	9	3	1	329
	VACANT	1	8	1	0	0	. 0	1	0	0	11
MUNCY	FILLED	39	249	25	3	.24	3	8	3	3	367
	VACANT	0	12	3	0	2	0	1	0	2	20
PITTSBURGH	FILLED	66	529	32	- 5	30	4	18	7	13	704
	VACANT	2	9	4	0	5	0	0	1	2	23
QUEHANNA	FILLED	8	62	4	0	7	1	2	0	0	84
	VACANT	0	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	- 5
RETREAT	FILLED	36	222	16	4	16	3	9	2	0	307
	VACANT	1	2	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	6
ROCKVIEW	FILLED	52	440	26	4	24	6	19	6	18	595
110.510.7.1=17	VACANT	2	4	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	8
SMITHFIELD	FILLED	39	292	17	3	17	3	14	4	2	391
SHITTE LEAD	VACANT	0	20	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	24
SOMERSET	FILLED	50	297	27	5	24	4	13	5	8	433
SOMERSET		5	20	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	30
MANAGET	VACANT	65	334	49	4	63	5	33	5	4	562
WAYMART	FILLED	5	9	3	0	6	1	6	0	0	30
MANNECOURG	VACANT	23	110	10	3	13	1	4	2	0	166
WAYNESBURG	FILLED	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	4
000	VACANT			58	0	0	0	0	4	0	183
CCCs	FILLED	23	98	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	18
transpar	VACANT	0	16			5	8	4	31	18	399
CENTRAL	FILLED	169	149	14	1		2	1	1	1	115
	VACANT	24	83	0	0	3		293	134	175	10,931
TOTAL	FILLED	1,255	7.724	628	87	549	86				804
	VACANT	75	568	53	6	41	4	32	9	16	804

Glossary

Section 6

GLOSSARY

CAPACITY: The maximum number of beds a facility was originally designed for, plus beds added or eliminated due to conversions or additions.

COMMUTATIONS: A change of a legal penalty or punishment to a lesser one. A commutation for a lifer is the establishment of a parole date.

CONDITIONAL RELEASE: The release of an inmate from the Department of Corrections to another supervising authority. This method of release includes the following types:

State Parole: When an inmate is released to the community and is supervised by the Pennsylvania Board of Probation and Parole.

County Parole: When an inmate is released to the community and is supervised by a county parole board.

Reparoled (State): When an inmate is released to the community and is supervised by the Pennsylvania Board of Probation and Parole, after the inmate had been previously paroled and violated the conditions of the parole.

COUNTY TRANSFERS: When an inmate who is serving a county sentence is transferred to the Department of Corrections. The reason for the transfer could be for security or medical reasons.

COURT COMMITMENTS: A commitment imposed on individuals by a court to a state correctional institution.

DETENTIONERS: An inmate who is being housed in a state correctional institution at the request of another governmental jurisdiction.

ESCAPE: The intentional act of an inmate to leave the custody of the Department of Corrections. The act of escape includes the following types:

Breach: When an inmate in the process of intentionally leaving the custody of the Department of Corrections compromises the security perimeter of the institution.

Others: Includes walkaways that occur outside the wall/fence while on work detail, work and/or educational release and furlough.

INCARCERATION RATE: The number of inmates incarcerated per 100,000 Pennsylvania civilian population.

LIFER: An individual who is convicted of criminal homicide and sentenced to remain in prison for their natural life without possibility of parole.

GLOSSARY

MINIMUM SENTENCE: The minimum amount of time imposed by the court that an inmate must serve before being eligible for release from prison.

MAXIMUM SENTENCE: The maximum amount of time imposed by the court that an inmate must serve before being released from prison.

PAROLE VIOLATORS: Persons who have been paroled from prison and have violated the terms and/or conditions of their parole. Parole violators are generally classified as technical or convicted violators. Technical violators are recommitted for failure to adhere to the requirements of their parole plan (ie.. non-reporting to agent or program, drug violations, etc.), while criminal violators are found guilty of new criminal offenses.

PART I OFFENSES: Offenses identified by the Uniform Crime Report which are of a serious nature and are usually reported to law enforcement agencies. Crimes identified as Part I offenses include: criminal homicide, forcible rape, robbery, assault, burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft and arson.

PART II OFFENSES: Offenses not classified as a Part I Offense as defined above.

SENTENCED: Inmates who are serving time on court imposed sentences, as compared inmates who are serving time because of parole violations.

UCR REPORTED CRIME RATE: The number of UCR Total Index Crimes per 100,000 Pennsylvania residents.

UCR TOTAL INDEX CRIMES: Offenses which are most serious and most likely to be reported to police. These index crimes are used as a standard for comparison. Index crimes include: murder and non-negligent murder, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft and arson. Manslaughter by negligence is not included as an index crime.

UNCONDITIONAL RELEASE: The means of release for inmates who have either served their maximum sentence or have had their sentences reduced or vacated by the court.