	Total recordable cases			Cases with days away from work, job t					
Industry sector ²				Total			Cases with days away fro		
	2021	2022	2023	2021	2022	2023	2021	2022	
All industries including state and local government ³	3.1	3.0	2.8	1.8	1.8	1.5		1.2	
Private industry ³	2.9	2.9	2.6	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.2	1.1	
Goods producing	3.5	3.4	3.0	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.2	1.1	
Natural resources and mining ^{3,4}	2.8	3.3	2.3	1.7	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.2	
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ³	3.8	4.3	2.5	2.0	2.3	1.3	1.1	1.1	
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction ⁴	1.8	2.3	2.1	1.4	1.7	1.5	1.2	1.4	
Construction	2.7	2.2	2.6	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.2	1.0	
Manufacturing	3.9	4.0	3.3	2.4	2.2	2.0	1.2	1.1	
Service providing	2.8	2.8	2.5	1.7	1.7	1.4	1.1	1.2	
Trade transportation and utilities	3.9	3.9	3.5	2.7	2.7	2.3	1.7	1.6	
Wholesale trade	2.6	2.3	1.9	1.7	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	
Retail trade	3.9	4.1	3.5	2.4	2.6	1.9	1.5	1.8	
Transportation and warehousing ⁵	5.4	5.0	4.9	4.4	3.9	4.0	2.7	2.1	
Utilities	0.8	2.2	1.0	0.6	1.0	0.4			
Information	0.6	1.7	1.4	0.4	1.0	0.9	0.2	0.6	
Financial activities	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1	
Finance and insurance	0.1	0.2	0.1	(⁷)	(7)	0.1	(⁷)	(7)	
Real estate and rental and leasing			2.7	0.9		1.5	0.6		
Professional and business services	1.0	1.1	1.2	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.4	
Professional, scientific, and technical services	0.7	0.9	0.6	0.2	0.4	0.1			
Management of companies and enterprises	0.5		0.4	0.2		0.2	0.2		
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	1.8	1.9	2.4	1.3	1.2	1.5	0.9	0.9	
Educational and health services	4.0	4.2	3.5	2.3	2.5	1.8	1.7	2.0	
Educational services	1.5	1.5	1.8	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.3	0.6	
Health care and social assistance	4.4	4.7	3.7	2.6	2.9	1.9	1.9	2.2	
Leisure and hospitality	3.4	2.7	3.0	1.8	1.2	1.1	1.3	0.7	
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	3.2	4.3	5.3	1.8	2.6	2.0	1.1	0.9	
Accommodation and food services	3.5	2.4	2.5	1.8	0.9	0.9	1.4	0.6	
Other services (except public administration)	1.1	1.9	1.5	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.4	0.7	
Other services (except public administration)	1.1	1.9	1.5	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.4	0.7	
State and local government ³									
State government ³		3.4	2.2		2.2	1.5		1.6	

Local government ³								
¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where								
N = number of injuries and illnesses								
EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar	year							
200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 ho	ours per week, 50) weeks per year)						
² Data are coded using the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). For more information on the version of NAICS used in this year, see our Handbook of Methods concepts page: https://www.bls.gov/opub/								
³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.								
⁴ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and ga								
to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the O								
therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.								
⁵ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. The scope of the data published in the SOII differs from the scope of the data publi								
https://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/soii/data.htm.								
⁶ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with	or without restric	ted work activity.						

Data too small to be displayed.

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NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines. SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 12, 2024

ransfer, or restrictio	on		Other recordable cases				
work ⁶ Cases with job transfer or restriction							
2023	2021	2022	2023	2021	2022	2023	
0.9	0.6	0.6	0.6	1.3	1.3		
0.9	0.6	0.6	0.6	1.1	1.2	1.2	
1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	1.4	1.4	1.2	
1.0	0.5	0.8	0.4	1.1	1.3	0.9	
0.7	0.9	1.2	0.5	1.8	2.1	1.2	
1.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	
1.0	0.4	0.3	0.5	1.1	0.8	1.1	
1.0	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.5	1.7	1.3	
0.9	0.6	0.6	0.5	1.0	1.1	1.2	
1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	
0.5	0.8	0.8	0.5	0.9	0.8	0.8	
1.1	0.9	0.8	0.8	1.5	1.6	1.6	
2.1	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.0	1.1	0.9	
0.3	0.4	0.4	0.1		1.2	0.6	
0.8	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.2		0.4	
0.3	(⁷)		(⁷)		0.2		
(⁷)				0.1	0.1	0.1	
1.3	0.2						
0.4	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.5	0.6	
0.1	(⁷)	0.1	(⁷)	0.4	0.6	0.5	
0.1			(⁷)	0.2		0.3	
1.1	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.9	
1.2	0.6	0.6	0.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	
0.6	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.9	0.8	1.1	
1.3	0.7	0.7	0.6	1.8	1.8	1.8	
0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.6	1.5	1.9	
0.8	0.6	1.8	1.2	1.4	1.7	3.3	
0.5	0.4	0.3	0.4	1.6	1.4	1.6	
0.7		0.2	0.1	0.3	1.0	0.7	
0.7		0.2	0.1	0.3	1.0	0.7	
						 0.7	
1.0		0.6	0.5		1.3	0.7	

'hom/soii/concepts.htm.

s extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided ccupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002;

ished by the FRA. For more information on differences see the SOII Handbook of Methods Data Concepts page: