		Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers <sup>1</sup>							
Industry <sup>2</sup>	NAICS code <sup>3</sup>	Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses		
All industries including state and local government <sup>4</sup>		16.4	1.0	6.9	0.3	1.4	6.7		
Private industry <sup>4</sup>		17.2	1.1	7.4	0.3	1.5	6.9		
Goods producing <sup>4</sup>		17.5	1.8	0.8		7.5	7.3		
Natural resources and mining <sup>4,6</sup>		11.0		4.0			5.2		
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting <sup>4</sup>		18.7		8.7			10.0		
Crop production <sup>4</sup>	111	34.3		17.7					
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction <sup>6</sup>									
Mining (except oil and gas) <sup>7</sup>	212								
Construction		9.2					7.7		
Construction		9.2					7.7		
Construction of buildings Specialty trade contractors	236 238	 12.3					 10.1		
Manufacturing		21.8	2.2	0.8		11.4	7.4		
Manufacturing		21.8	2.2	0.8		11.4	7.4		
Food manufacturing Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	311 312	43.4 	2.2 			18.4 	21.0 		
Textile mills Wood product manufacturing	313 321	95.7 67.0				 58.2			

Chemical manufacturing	325	9.3					
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	18.0				16.2	
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327						
Primary metal manufacturing	331	19.6				14.1	4.5
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	14.6					
Machinery manufacturing	333	24.6					
Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing	335						
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	18.2					13.7
Furniture and related product manufacturing	337					11.1	
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339						
Service providing		17.2	0.9	9.0	0.4	0.1	6.8
Trade transportation and utilities		10.7	0.8	1.9		0.2	7.6
Wholesale trade		1.7					0.8
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	3.6					2.8
Retail trade		11.8	1.0	2.1			8.5
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	16.9					14.3
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	4.8					
Food and beverage stores	445	13.8		5.6			6.9
General merchandise stores	452	14.7	2.3				11.0
Miscellaneous store retailers	453						
Transportation and warehousing <sup>8</sup>		16.0	0.6	2.1		0.8	12.3
Air transportation	481	59.2				20.0	25.4
Truck transportation	484	4.6					3.5
Couriers and messengers	492	40.8					40.0
Warehousing and storage	493	13.4	1.4	3.1			8.9
Information		3.8	2.6				
Information		3.8	2.6				
Telecommunications	517	12.6	8.4				
Professional and business services		6.8	1.0				

Professional, scientific, and technical services		0.6				 
Professional, scientific, and technical services	541	0.6				 
Management of companies and enterprises						 
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services		14.7	2.7			 
Educational and health services		41.8	0.9	28.3	0.7	 
Educational services		7.1				 5.8
Educational services	611	7.1				 5.8
Health care and social assistance		47.2	1.0	32.7		 
Ambulatory health care services	621	8.7		3.4		 4.4
Hospitals	622	25.2	1.3	16.6		 7.3
Nursing and residential care facilities	623					 11.9
Social assistance	624			15.7		 
Leisure and hospitality		8.0	1.9			 4.9
Arts, entertainment, and recreation		29.4	11.5			 17.4
Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries	711	37.7				 37.7
Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions	712	30.8				 30.8
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	26.7	16.7			 9.3
Accommodation and food services		3.9				 
Accommodation	721					 
State and local government <sup>4</sup>						 
State government <sup>4</sup>						 
Service providing						 
Educational and health services						 

Educational servi	ices							
Educational services		611						
Public adminis	stration							
Public administra	ation							
Justice, public order, a	nd safety activities	922						
Local go	overnment <sup>4</sup>							
<sup>1</sup> Incidence rates represent the number of illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were								
calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where								
N = number of illnesses								
EH	= total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year							
20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).								
<sup>2</sup> Totals include data for industries not shown separately.								
<sup>3</sup> Data are coded using the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). For more information on the version of NAICS used in this year, see our Handbook of Methods concepts page: https://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/soii/concepts.htm.								
<sup>4</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.								

<sup>5</sup> Data too small to be displayed.

<sup>6</sup> Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as a comparation made to its record seeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.

<sup>7</sup> Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>8</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. The scope of the data published in the SOII differs from the